



JSTAR: JavaScript Specification Type Analyzer using Refinement

Jihyeok Park, Seungmin An, Wonho Shin, Yusung Sim, Sukyoung Ryu

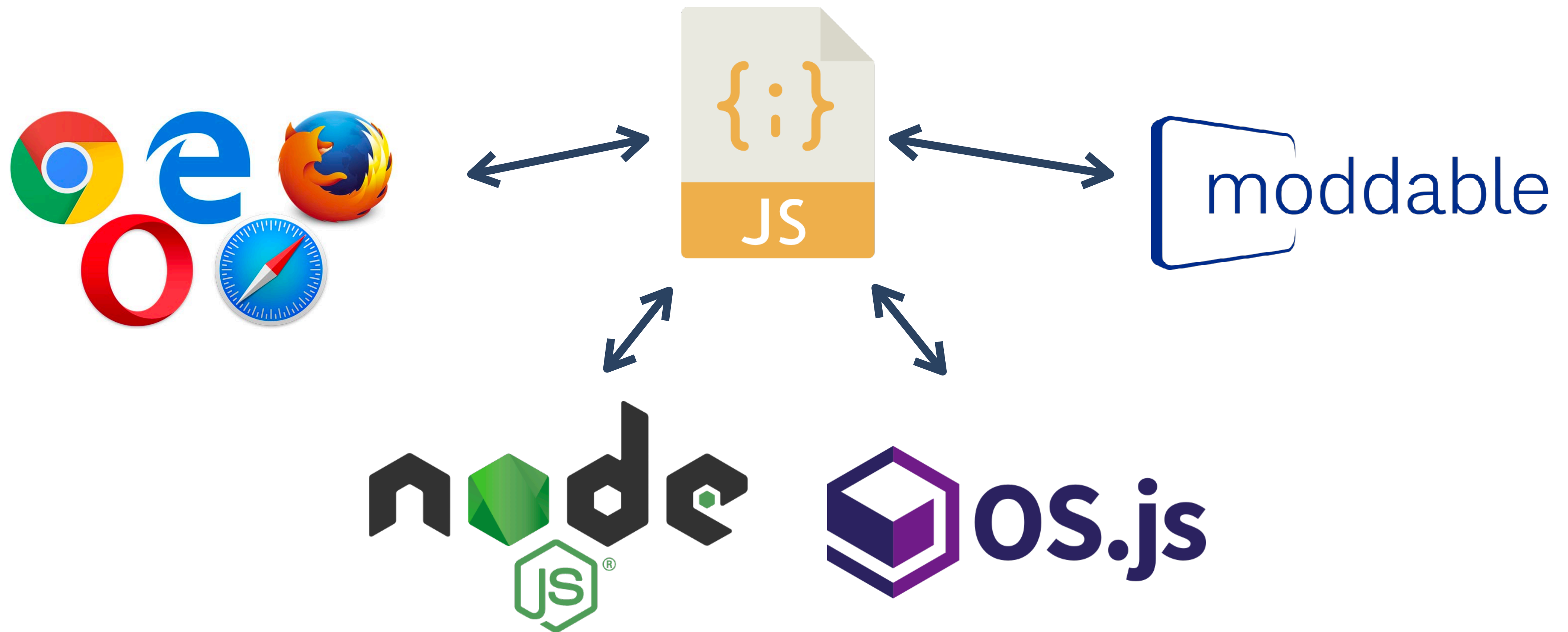
PLRG @ KAIST

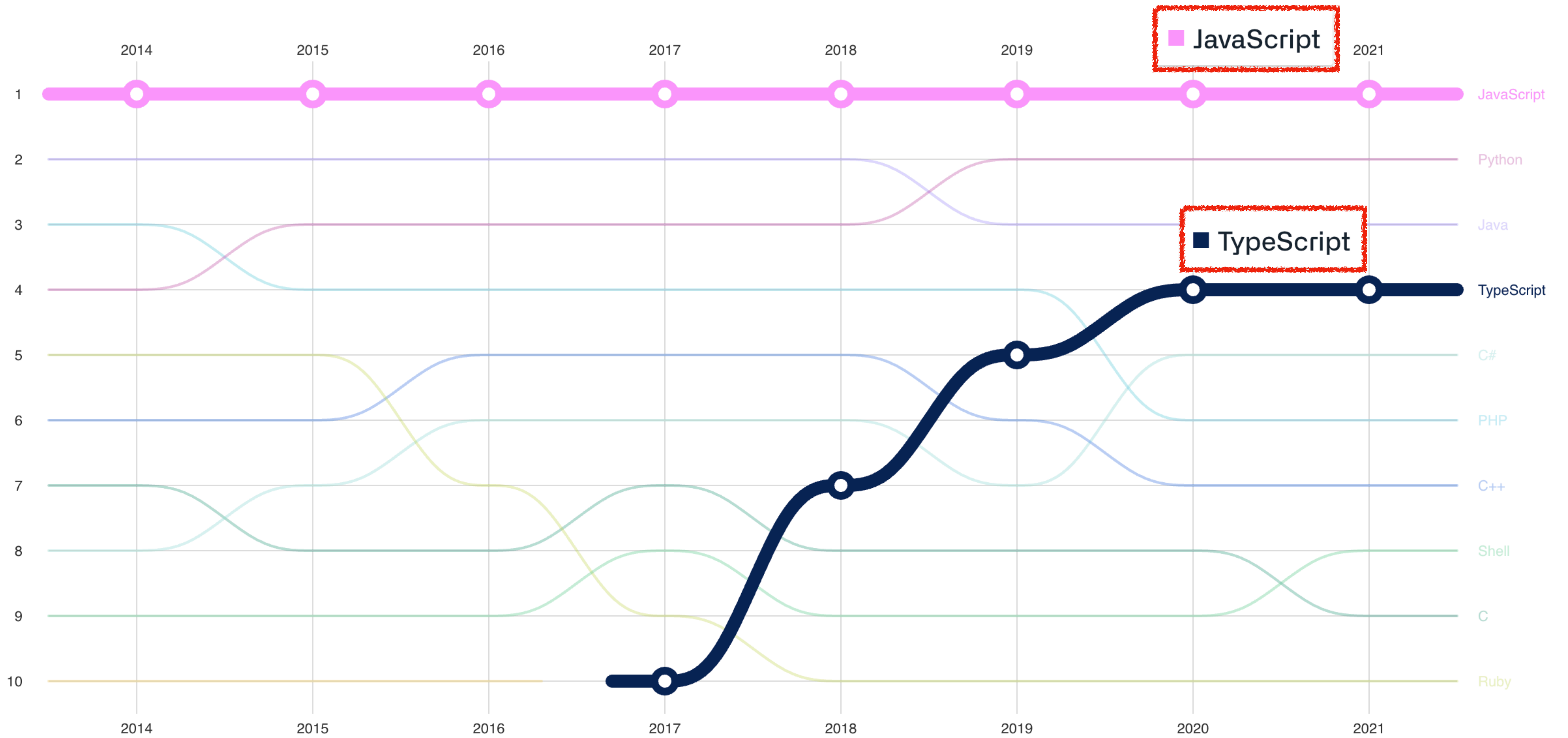
The 36th IEEE/ACM International Conference on
Automated Software Engineering (**ASE 2021**)

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January 20, 2022

JavaScript is Everywhere





<https://octoverse.github.com/>

JavaScript Complex Semantics

```
function f(x) { return x == !x; }
```

Always return **false**?

NO!!

```
f([]) -> [] == ![]  
      -> [] == false  
      -> +[] == +false  
      -> 0 == 0  
      -> true
```

ECMAScript: JavaScript Specification



Semantics

Syntax

```
ArrayLiteral[Yield, Await] :  
  [ Elisionopt ]  
  [ ElementList[?Yield, ?Await] ]  
  [ ElementList[?Yield, ?Await] , Elisionopt ]
```

13.2.5.2 Runtime Semantics: Evaluation

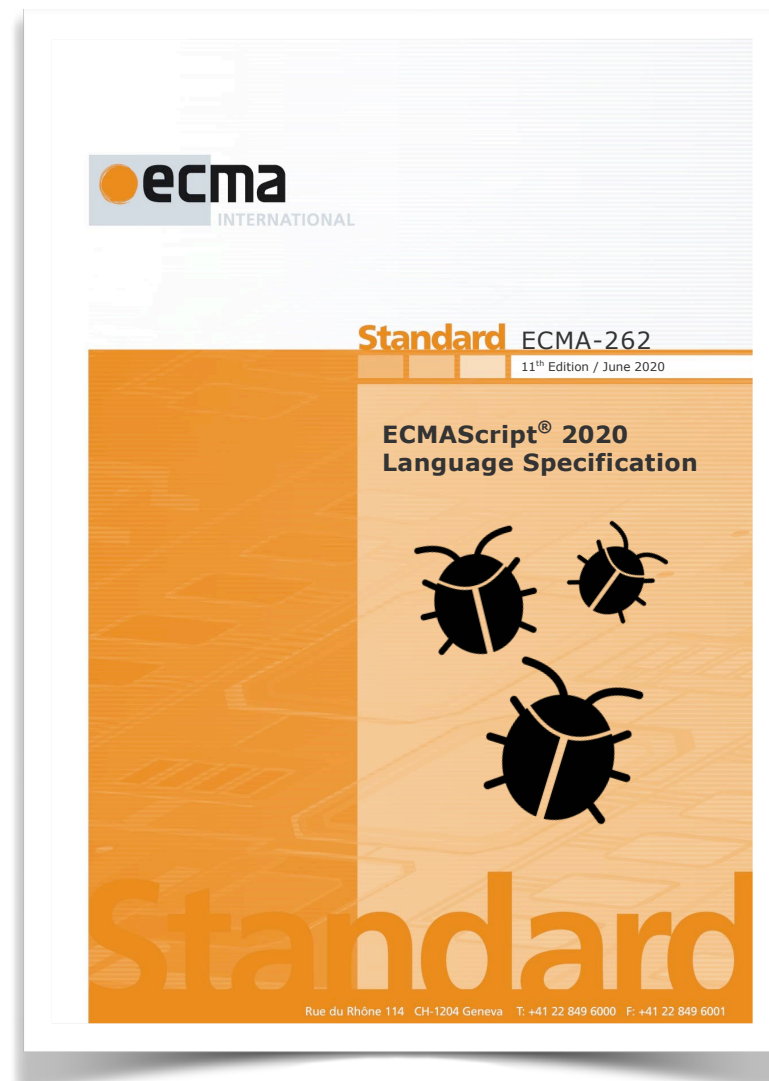
ArrayLiteral : [*ElementList* , *Elision*_{opt}]

1. Let *array* be ! *ArrayCreate*(0).
2. Let *nextIndex* be the result of performing *ArrayAccumulation* for *ElementList* with arguments *array* and 0.
3. *ReturnIfAbrupt*(*nextIndex*).
4. If *Elision* is present, then
 - a. Let *len* be the result of performing *ArrayAccumulation* for *Elision* with arguments *array* and *nextIndex*.
 - b. *ReturnIfAbrupt*(*len*).
5. Return *array*.

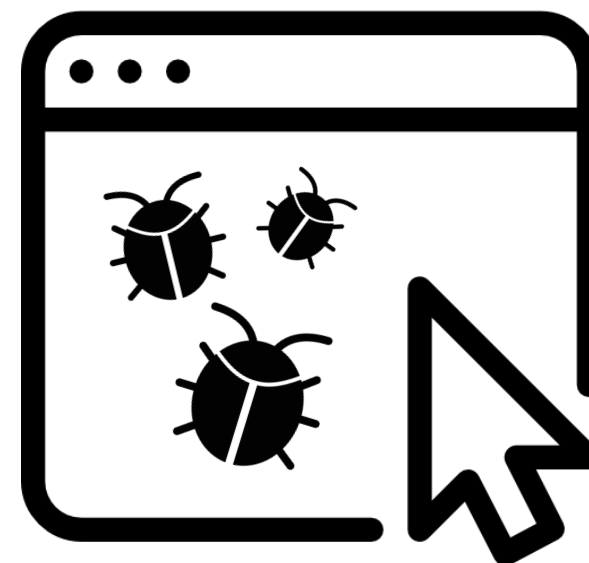
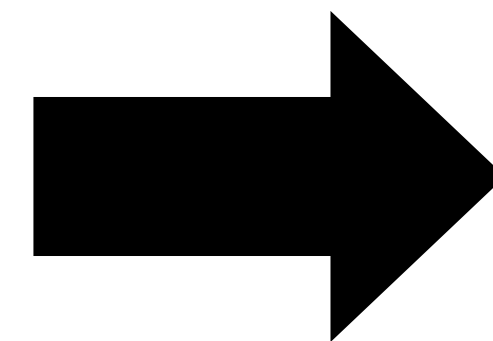
The production of *ArrayLiteral* in ES12

The Evaluation algorithm for
the third alternative of *ArrayLiteral* in ES12

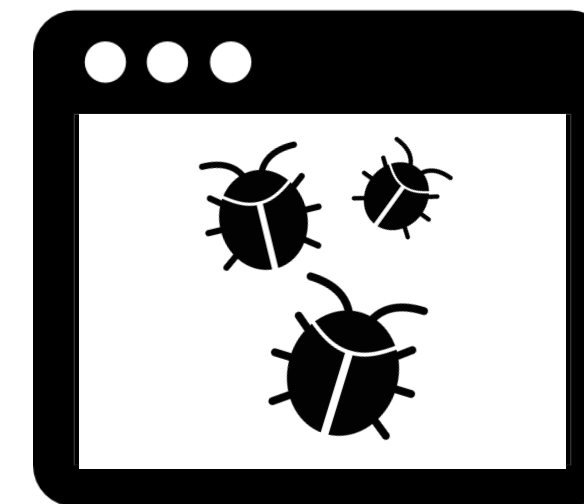
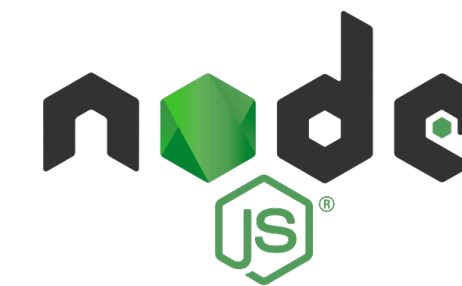
Correctness of ECMAScript is Important



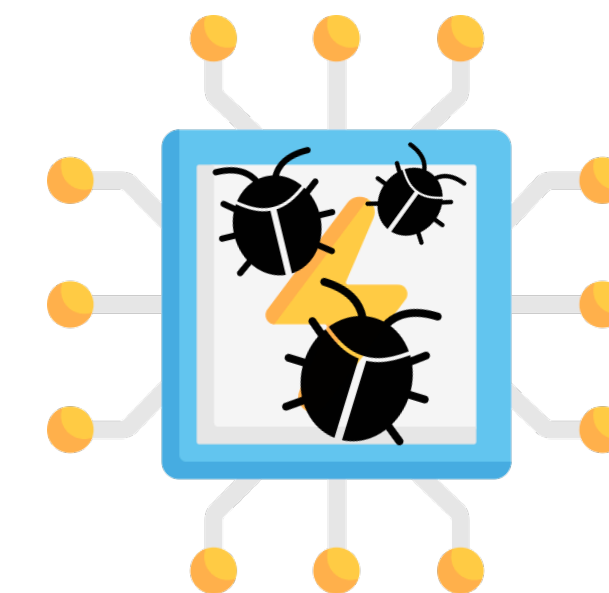
ECMAScript



Web Applications

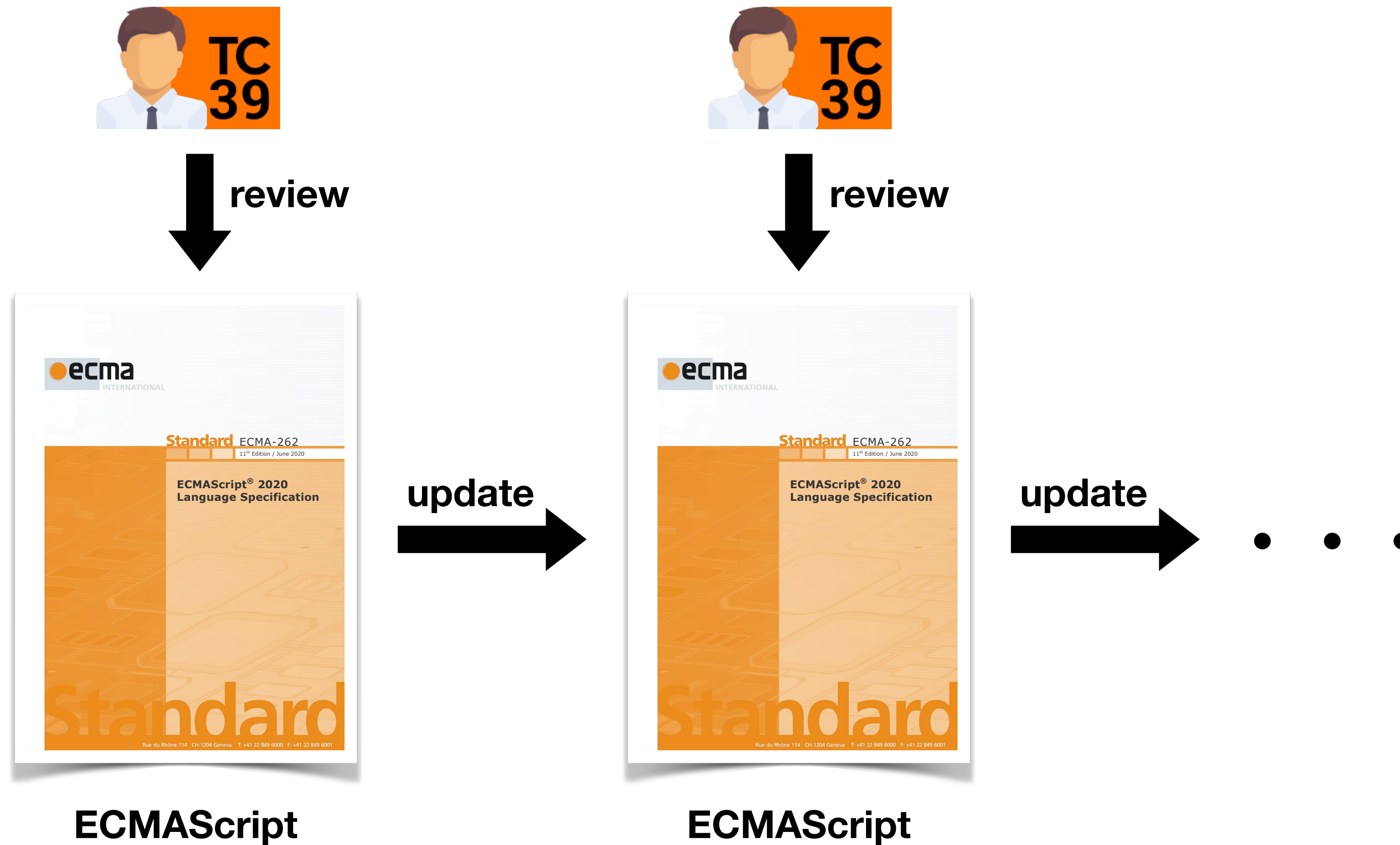


Server-side Programs

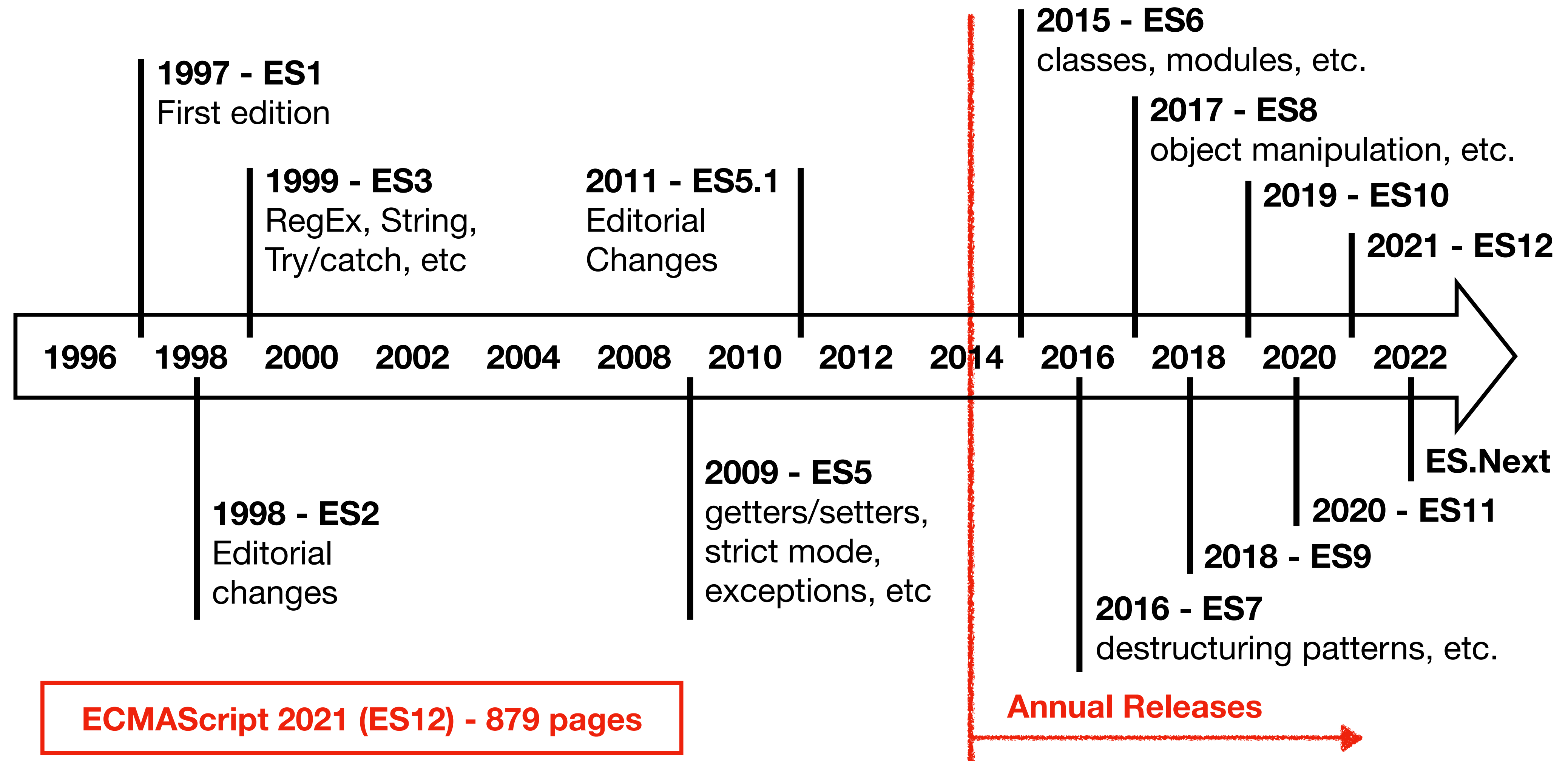


Embedded Systems

Problem: Manual Review of ECMAScript



Problem: Fast Evolving JavaScript



Problem: Open Development Process

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `tc39/ecma262`. The repository is public and has 970 watchers and 86 pull requests. The `Code` tab is selected. A search filter `is:merged` is applied, resulting in 994 total items. A pull request by `jhnaldo and ljarb` from 6 days ago is highlighted with a red box, showing 2,226 comments. The repository description is "Status, process, and documents for ECMA-262".

Repository: `tc39/ecma262` (Public)

Watchers: 970 | Forks: [button]

Code | Issues: 274 | Pull requests: 86 | Actions

main | Go to file | Add file | Code

Search: `is:merged` (994 Total)

Clear current search query, filter

Pull Request: `jhnaldo and ljarb` (Mar...) (6 days ago) (2,226)

Files:

- `.github`: Meta: bump ecm Markup to ... (2 months ago)
- `img`: Normative: Top Level Awa... (5 months ago)

About: Status, process, and documents for ECMA-262

tc39.es/ecma262/

Tags: `javascript` `ecmascript`

Solution: Type Analysis for ECMAScript

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x : (String \vee Boolean \vee Number \vee Object \vee ...)

1. Let n be ? **ToNumber**(x). n : (Number) \wedge ToNumber(x): (Number \vee Exception)
2. If n is an integral Number, return n .

3. If $x < 0.5$ and $x > 0$, return +0.
4. If $x < 0$ and $x \geq -0.5$, return -0.

Type Mismatch for numeric operator `>`

Math.round(true) = ???
Math.round(false) = ???

...

3. If $n < 0.5$ and $n > 0$, return +0.
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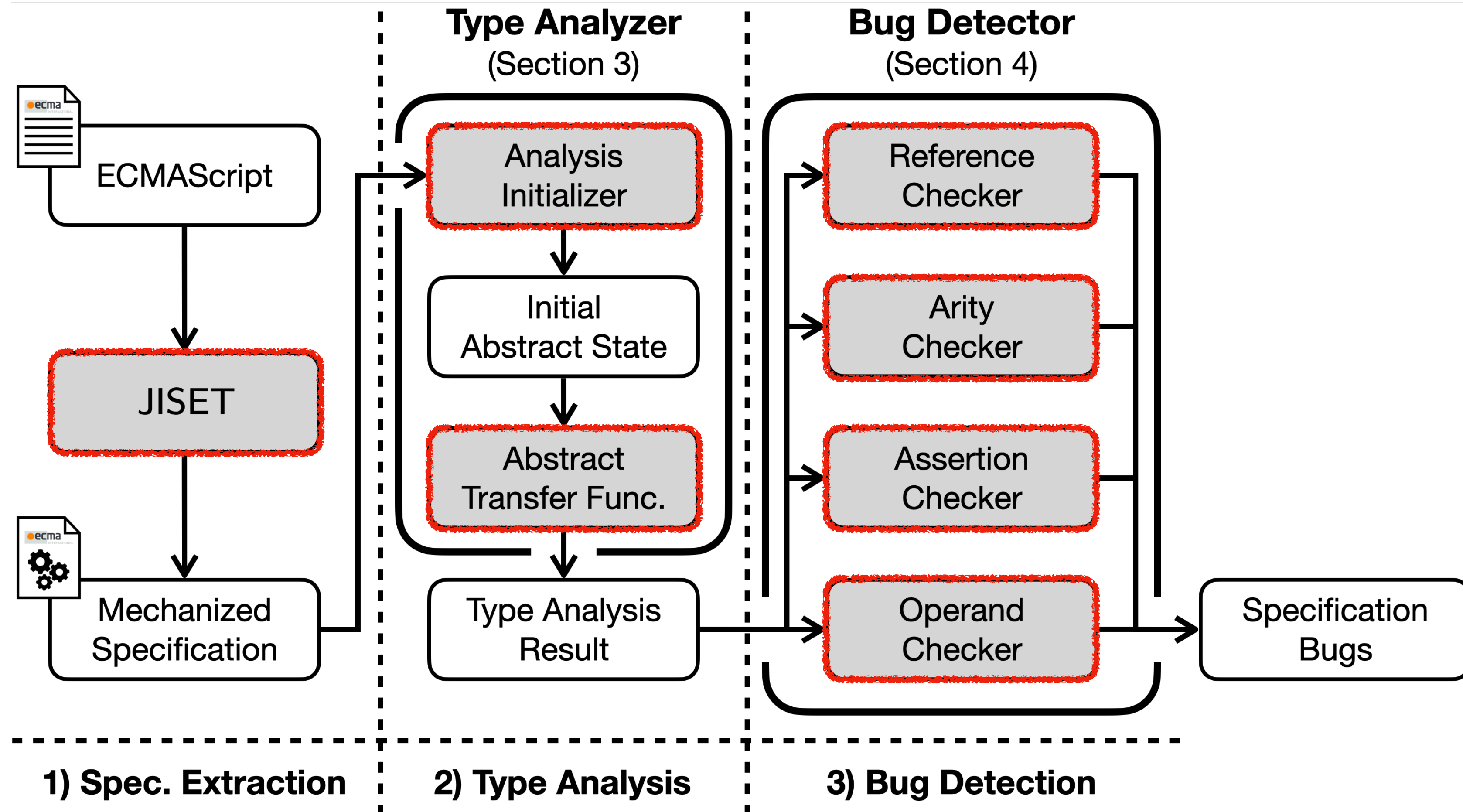
Math.round(true) = 1
Math.round(false) = 0

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cfd77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

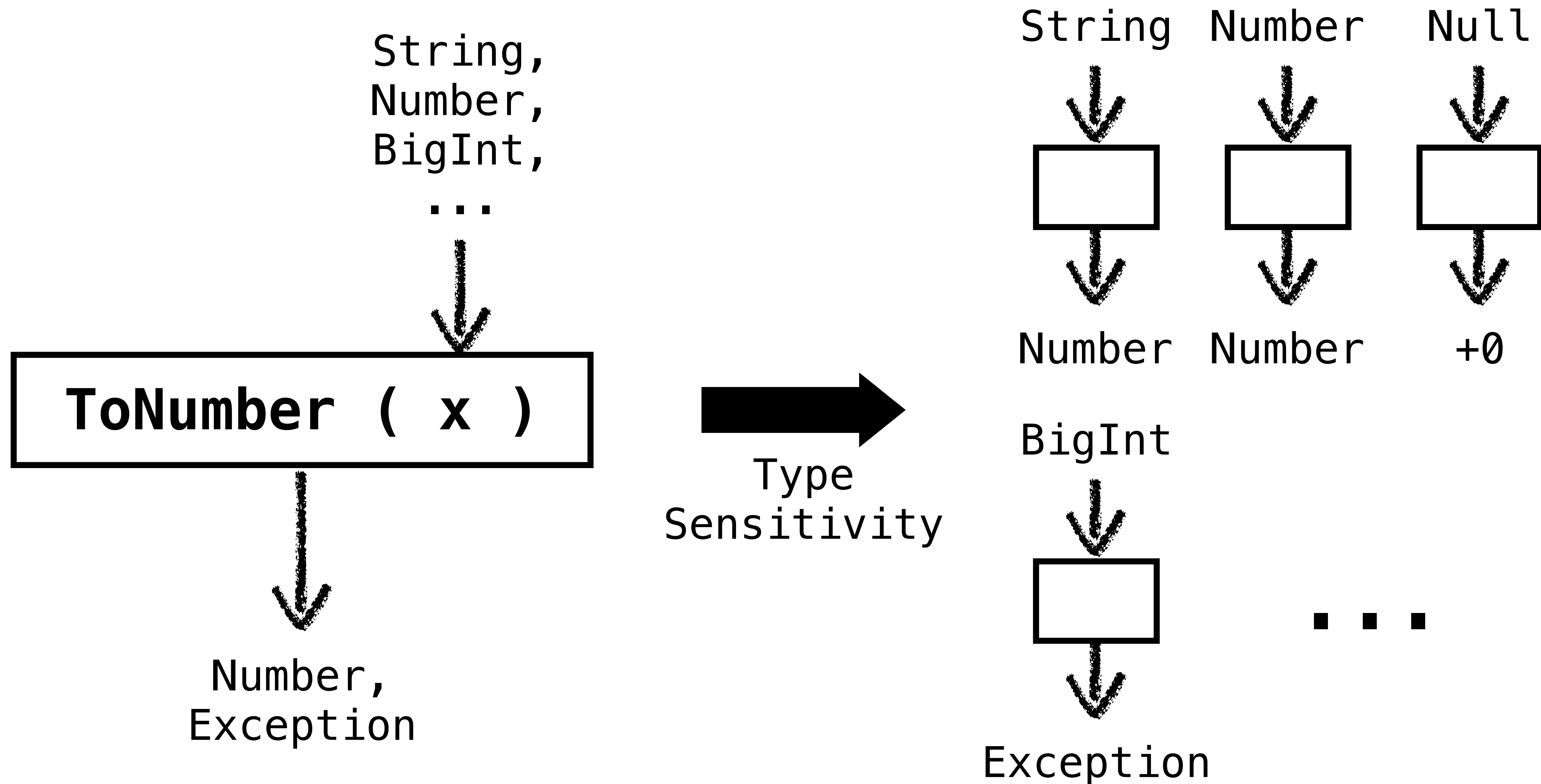
Overall Structure of JSTAR

JavaScript Specification Type Analyzer using Refinement

[ASE'20] Park et al,
“JISET: Javascript
IR-based Semantics
Extraction Toolchain”



Precision ↑ - 1) Type Sensitivity



Precision \uparrow - 2) Condition-based Refinement

$$\text{refine}(!e, b)(\sigma^\#) = \text{refine}(e, \neg b)(\sigma^\#)$$

$$\text{refine}(e_0 \parallel e_1, b)(\sigma^\#) = \begin{cases} \sigma_0^\# \sqcup \sigma_1^\# & \text{if } b \\ \sigma_0^\# \sqcap \sigma_1^\# & \text{if } \neg b \end{cases}$$

$$\text{refine}(e_0 \ \&\& \ e_1, b)(\sigma^\#) = \begin{cases} \sigma_0^\# \sqcap \sigma_1^\# & \text{if } b \\ \sigma_0^\# \sqcup \sigma_1^\# & \text{if } \neg b \end{cases}$$

$$\text{refine}(x.\text{Type} == c_{\text{normal}}, \#t)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#[x \mapsto \tau_x^\# \sqcap \text{normal}(\mathbb{T})]$$

$$\text{refine}(x.\text{Type} == c_{\text{normal}}, \#f)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#[x \mapsto \tau_x^\# \sqcap \{\text{abrupt}\}]$$

$$\text{refine}(x == e, \#t)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#[x \mapsto \tau_x^\# \sqcap \tau_e^\#]$$

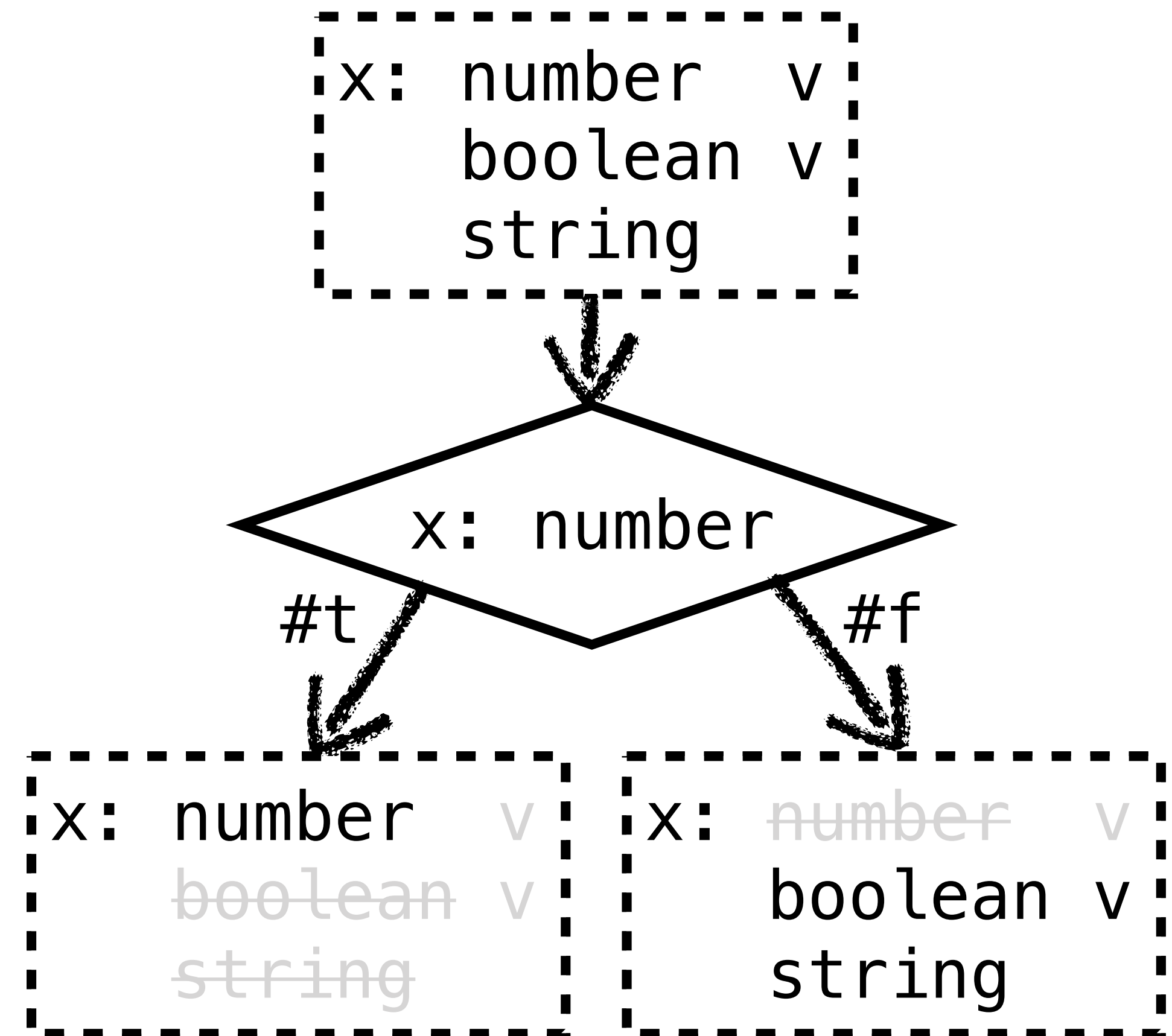
$$\text{refine}(x == e, \#f)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#[x \mapsto \tau_x^\# \setminus \lfloor \tau_e^\# \rfloor]$$

$$\text{refine}(x : \tau, \#t)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#[x \mapsto \tau_x^\# \sqcap \{\tau\}]$$

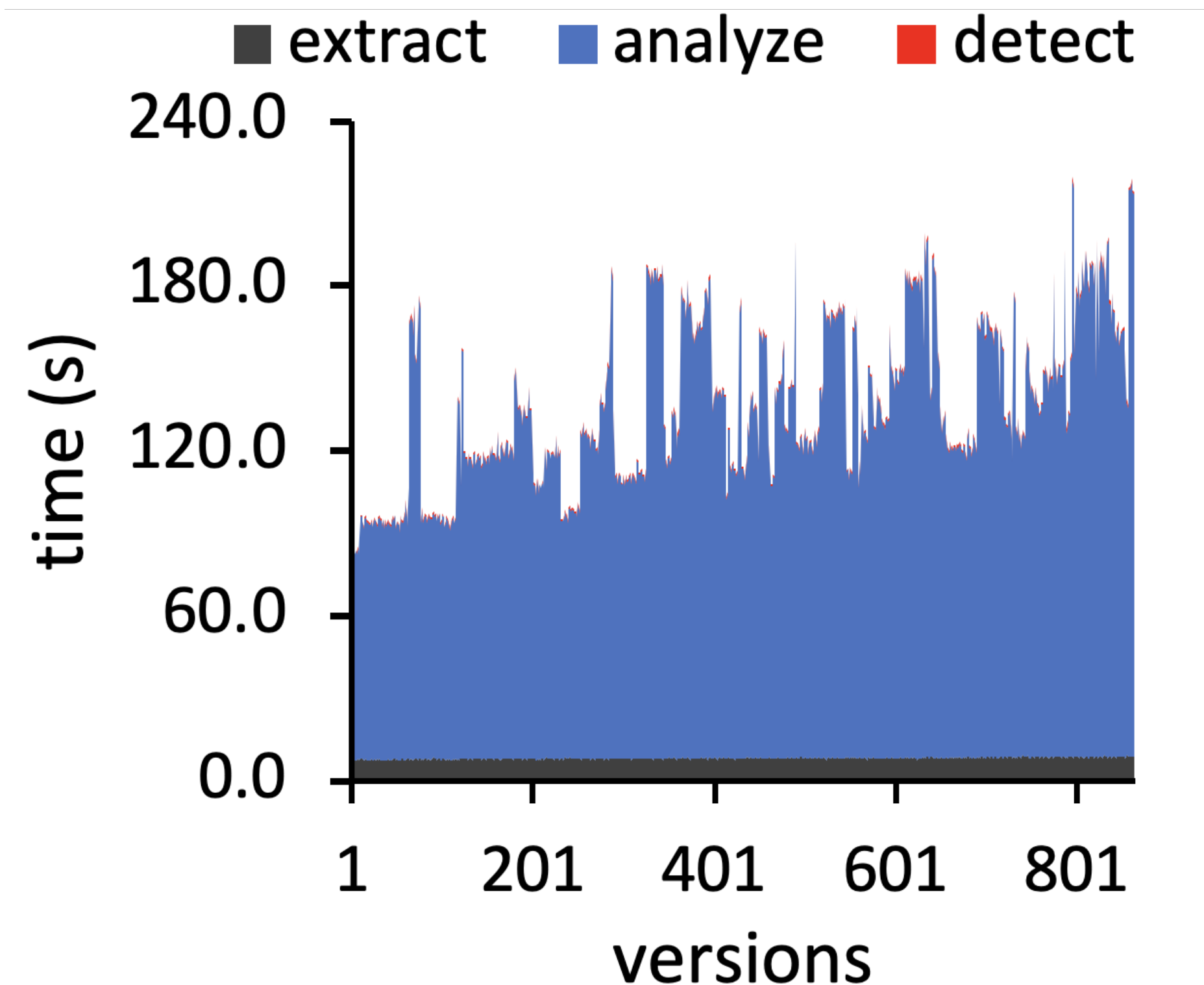
$$\text{refine}(x : \tau, \#f)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#[x \mapsto \tau_x^\# \setminus \{\tau' \mid \tau' <: \tau\}]$$

$$\text{refine}(e, b)(\sigma^\#) = \sigma^\#$$

where $\sigma_j^\# = \text{refine}(e_j, b)(\sigma^\#)$ for $j = 0, 1$, $\tau_e^\# = \llbracket e \rrbracket_e^\#(\sigma^\#)$, and $\lfloor \tau^\# \rfloor$ returns $\{\tau\}$ if $\tau^\#$ denotes a singleton type τ , or returns \emptyset , otherwise.



RQ1) Performance

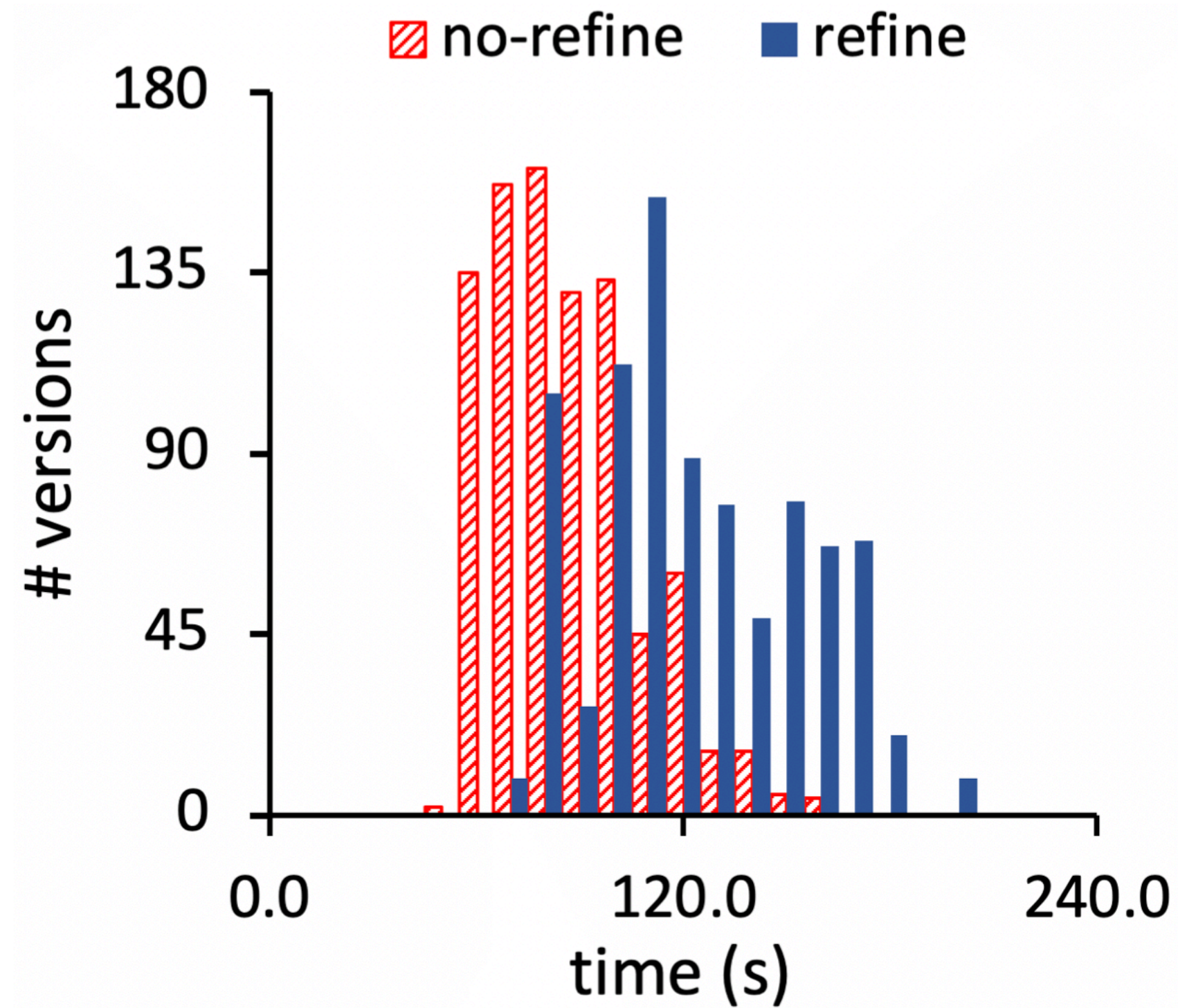


- **864 versions** of ECMAScript (Jan. 1, 2018 to Mar. 9, 2021)
- 4.2GHz Quad-Core Intel Core i7
- 32GB of RAM
- **Average Time : 137.3 s**
 - extract : 8.0 s
 - **analyze: 128.5 s**
 - detect: 0.8 s

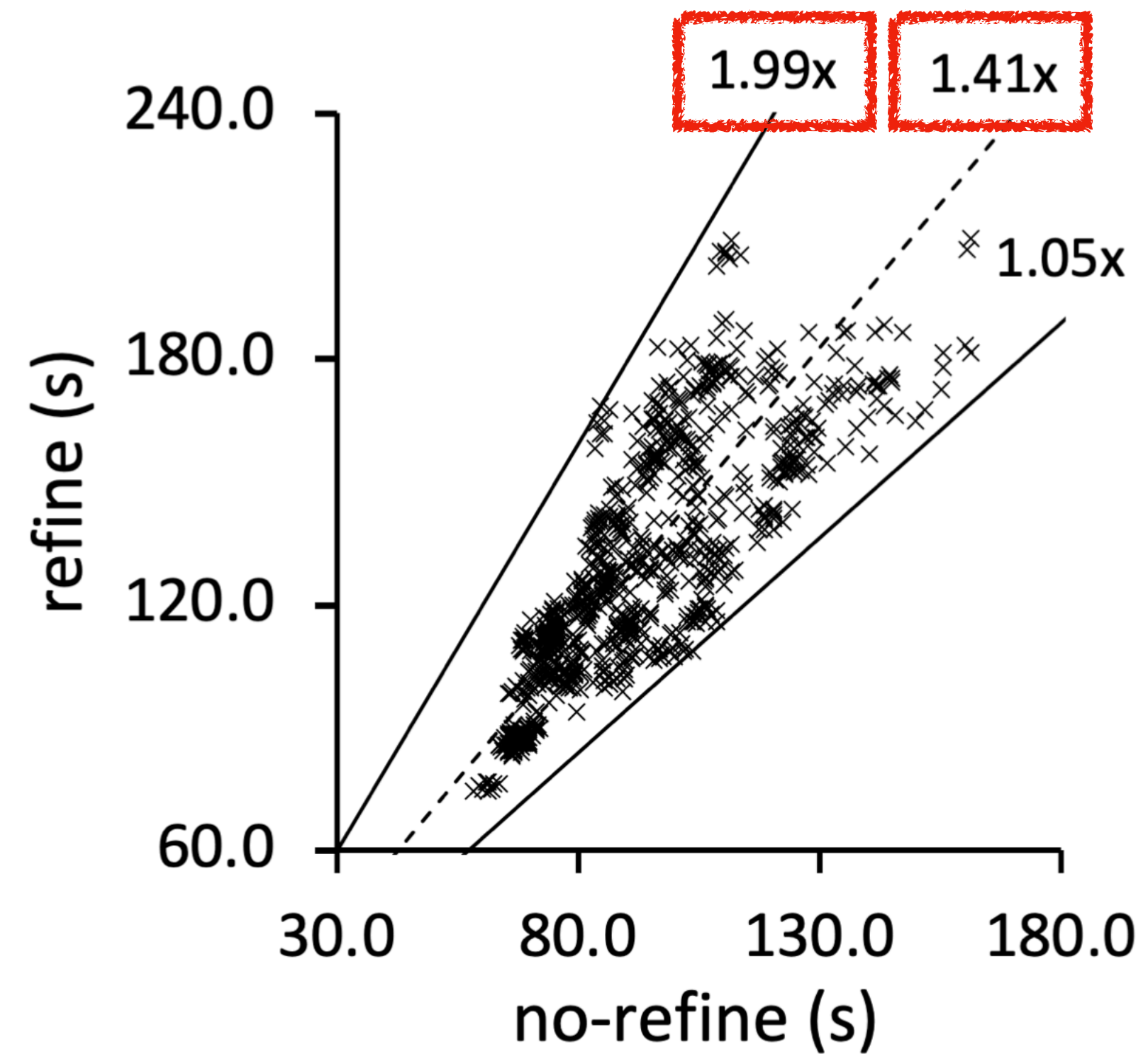
RQ2) Precision

Checker	Bug Kind	Precision = (# True Bugs) / (# Detected Bugs)					
		no-refine		refine		Δ	
Reference	UnknownVar	62 / 106	17 / 60	63 / 78	17 / 31	+1 / -28	/ -29
	DuplicatedVar		45 / 46		46 / 47		+1 / +1
Arity	MissingParam	4 / 4	4 / 4	4 / 4	4 / 4	/	/
Assertion	Assertion	4 / 56	4 / 56	4 / 31	4 / 31	/ -25	/ -25
Operand	NoNumber	22 / 113	2 / 65	22 / 44	2 / 6	/ -69	/ -59
	Abrupt		20 / 48		20 / 38		/ -10
Total		92 / 279 (33.0%)		93 / 157 (59.2%)		+1 / -122 (+26.3%)	

RQ3) Effectiveness of Refinement



(c) The histogram of time



(d) The ratio of time

Detected Bugs)

Δ	
+1 / -28	/ -29
	+1 / +1
/	/
/ -25	/ -25
/ -69	/ -59
	/ -10
+1 / -122 (+26.3%)	

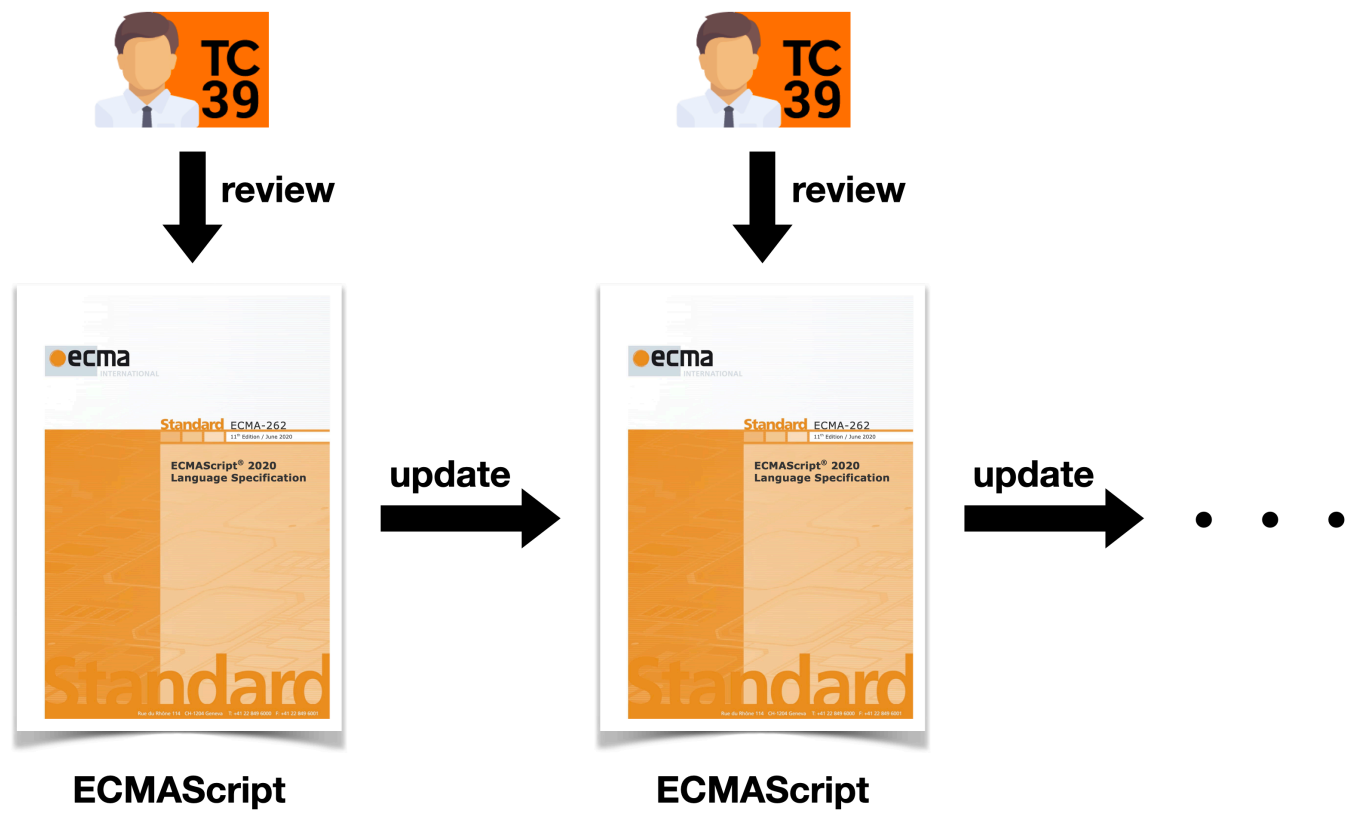
RQ4) Detection of New Bugs

- The Latest Version: **ECMAScript 2021 (ES12)**

14 Bugs
in Spec.

Name	Feature	#	Checker	Created	Life Span
ES12-1	Switch	3	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-2	Try	3	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-3	Arguments	1	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-4	Array	2	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-5	Async	1	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-6	Class	1	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-7	Branch	1	Reference	2015-09-22	1,996 days
ES12-8	Arguments	2	Operand	2015-12-16	1,910 days

Problem: Manual Review of ECMAScript



Solution: Type Analysis for ECMAScript

```

20.3.2.28 Math.round (x) x: (String v Boolean v Number v Object v ...)
1. Let n be ? ToNumber(x). n: (Number) ^ ToNumber(x): (Number v Exception)
2. If n is an integral Number, return n.
3. If x < 0.5 and x > 0, return +0.
4. If x < 0 and x ≥ -0.5, return -0.
...

```

Type Mismatch for numeric operator `>`

```

Math.round(true) = ???
Math.round(false) = ???

```

↓

```

3. If n < 0.5 and n > 0, return +0.
4. If n < 0 and n ≥ -0.5, return -0.

```

```

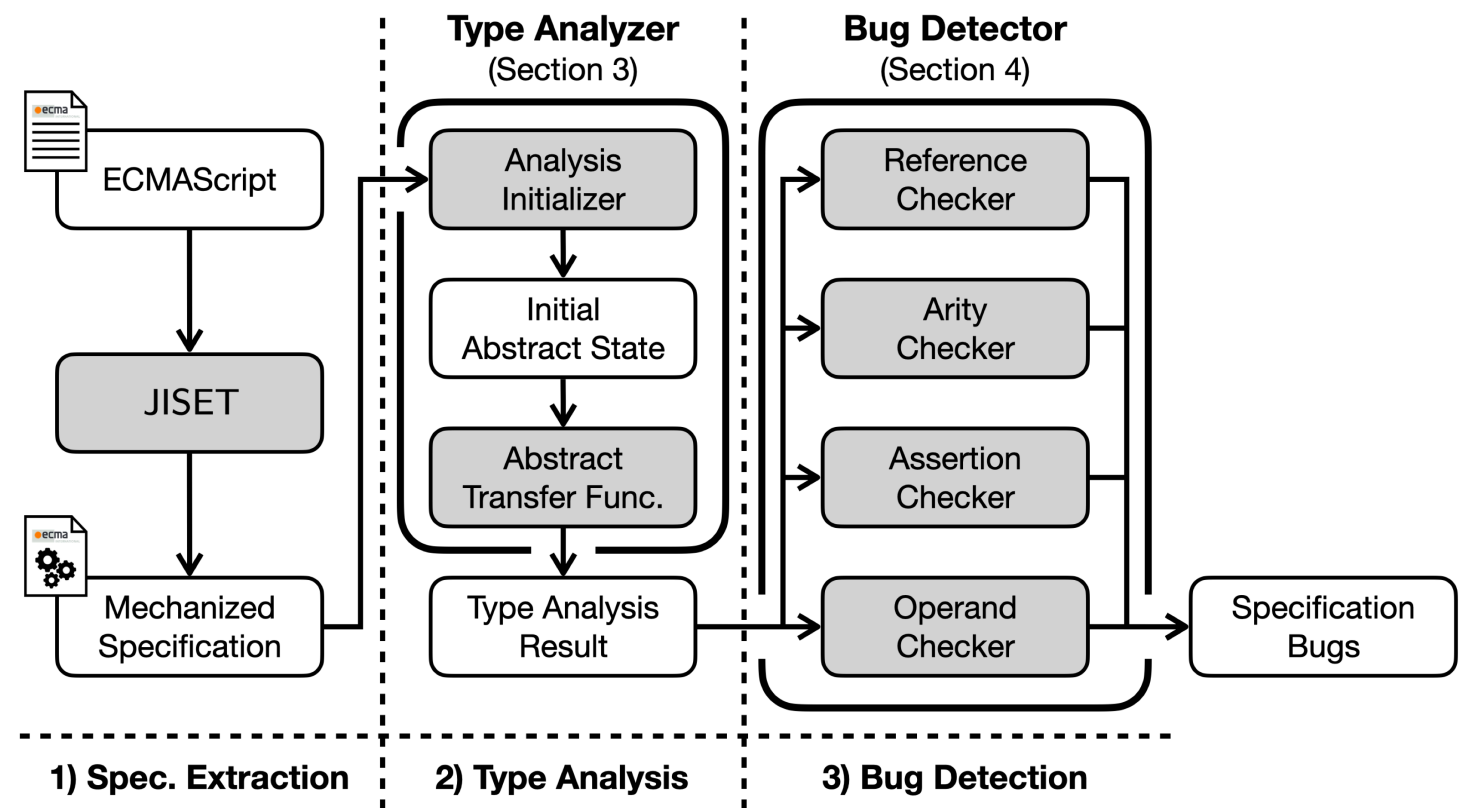
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<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262/tree/575149cfd77aebcf3a129e165bd89e14caafc31c>

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