



Automatically Deriving JavaScript Static Analyzers from Specifications using Meta-level Static Analysis

¹ Oracle Labs, Australia and ² KAIST, South Korea KSC2022 Top Conference IV - 소프트웨어 공학 학회명: ESEC/FSE 2022

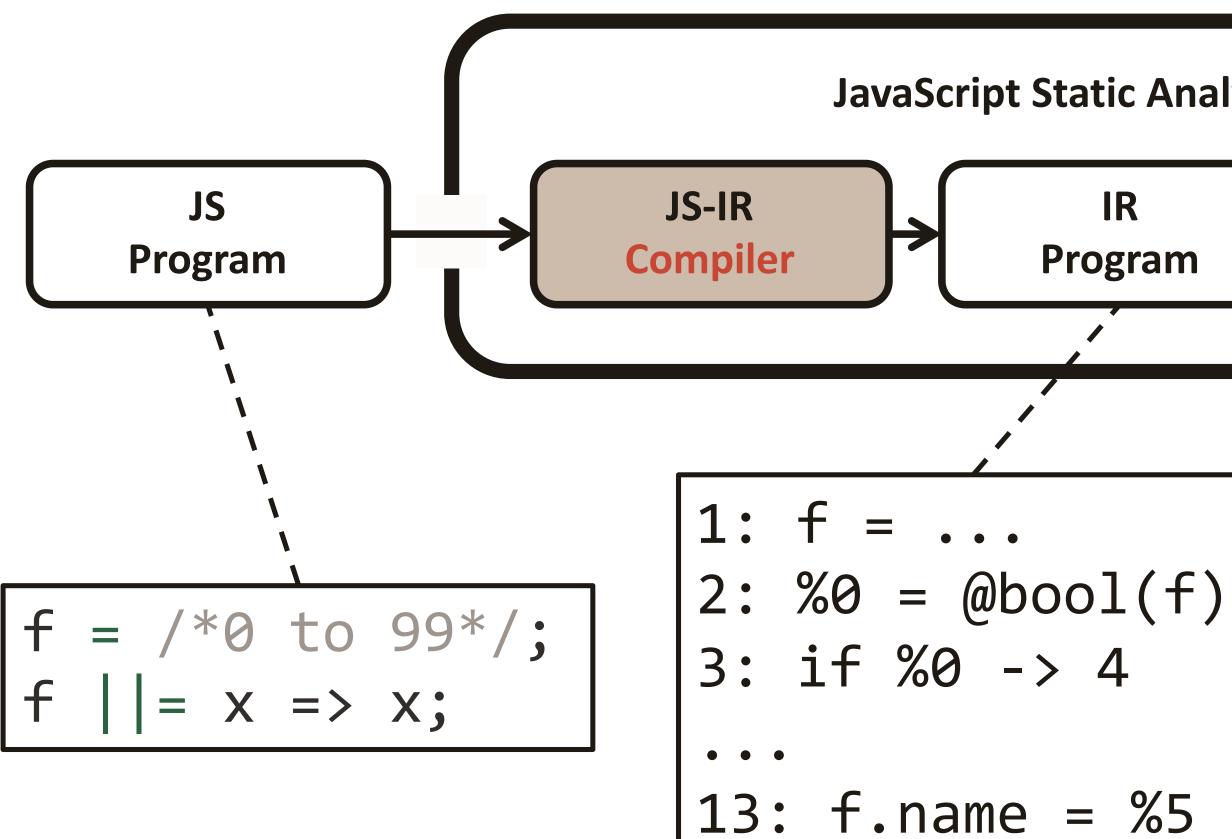
December 23, 2022



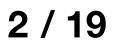
Jihyeok Park¹, Seungmin An², and Sukyoung Ryu²



Background - JavaScript Static Analysis



Compiler-based Approach JavaScript Static Analyzer IR Analysis IR Analyzer Result Program == [1,99] | x => x f f.name == undefined "f"



Problem - Manual Update of JS-IR Compiler Compiler-based Approach JavaScript Static Analyzer JS Analysis **JS-IR** IR IR Analyzer Program Compiler Result Program update read & understand JS Spec. (ECMA-262) TC maintained by Analyzer 39



Developer

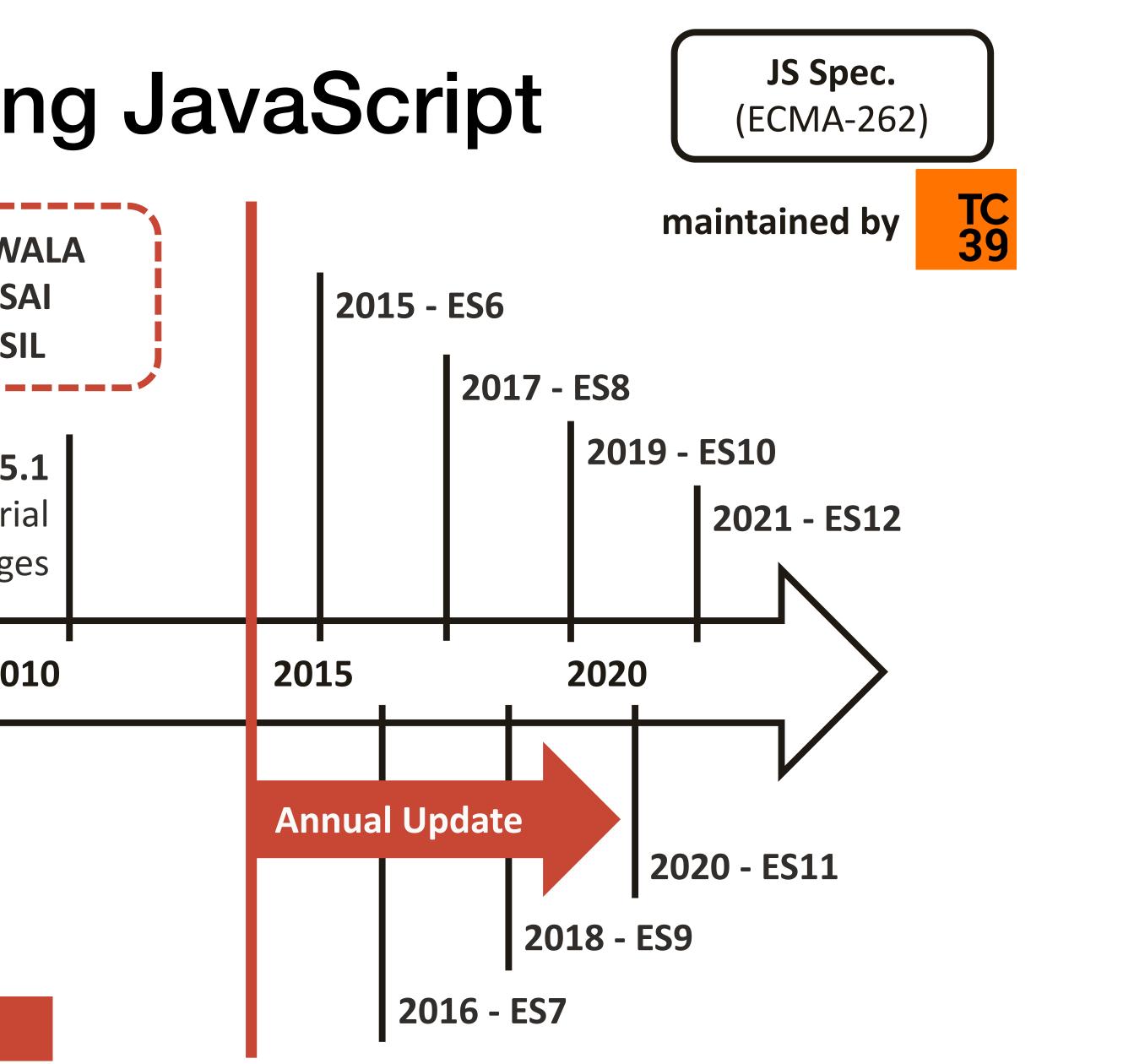


Problem - Fast Evolving JavaScript

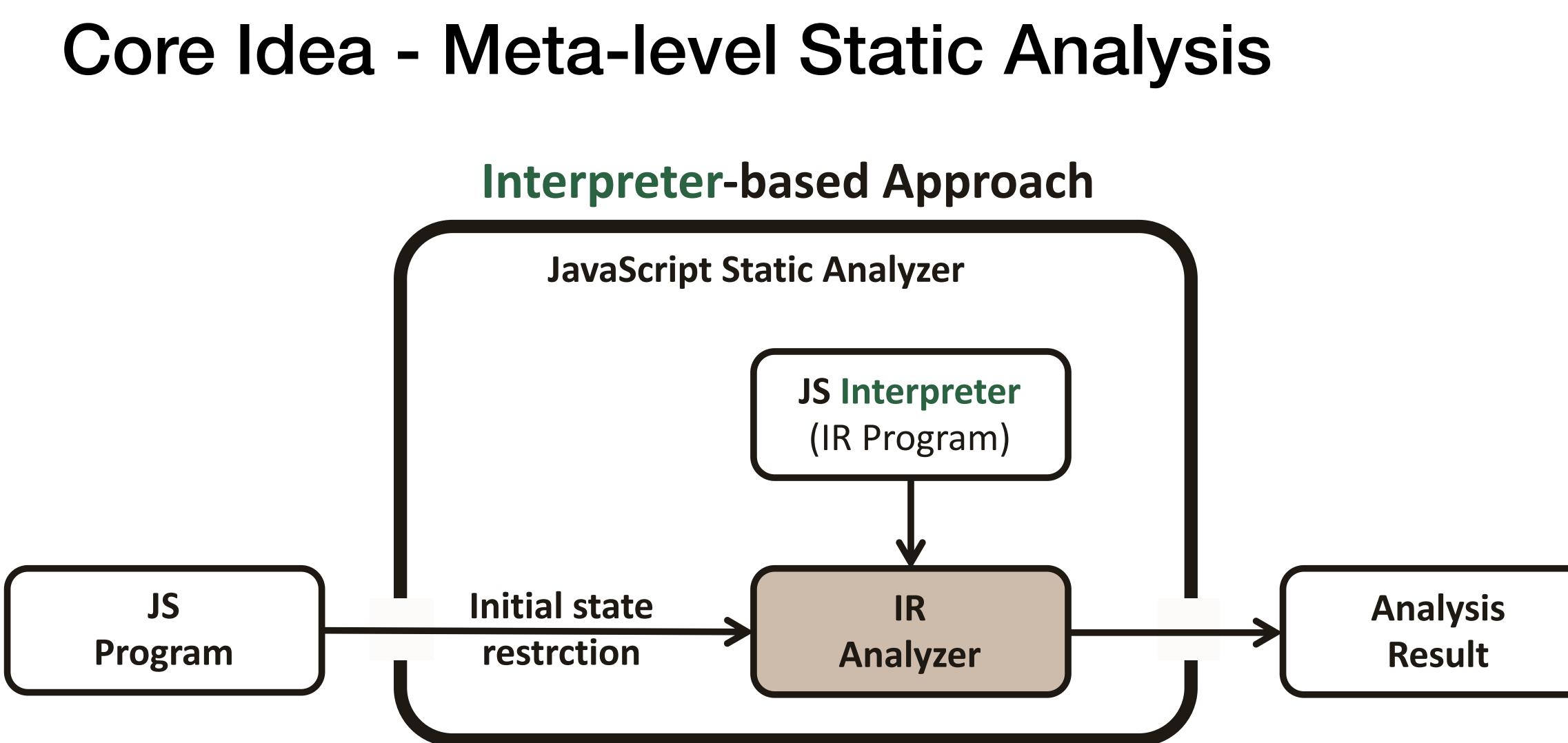
1997 - ES1 First edition					KJS SAFE TAJS	- -	W JS JS
		1999 - ES3 RegExp, String, Try/catch, etc.			201	Ed	ES5 itor ang
		2000	20	05			20
1998 - ES2 Editorial Changes		torial	2009 - ES5 Getters/Setters, Strict mode, Exceptions, etc			5,	

ECMAScript 2021 (ES12) - 879 pages

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Core Idea - Meta-level Static Analysis

- Why Interpreter-based Approach?
 - JavaScript specifications are written in an interpreterbased style

13.15.2 Runtime Semantics: Evaluation

AssignmentExpression : LeftHandSideExpression || = AssignmentExpression

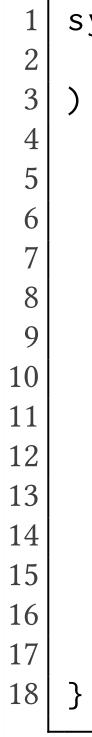
- 1. Let *lref* be the result of evaluating *LeftHandSideExpression*.
- 2. Let *lval* be ? GetValue(*lref*).
- 3. Let *lbool* be ! ToBoolean(*lval*).
- 4. If *lbool* is **true**, return *lval*.
- 5. If IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition(*AssignmentExpression*) is **true** and IsIdentifierRef of *LeftHandSideExpression* is **true**, then
 - a. Let *rval* be NamedEvaluation of AssignmentExpression with argument *lref*.[[ReferencedName]].
- 6. Else,
 - a. Let *rref* be the result of evaluating *AssignmentExpression*.
 - b. Let *rval* be ? GetValue(*rref*).
- 7. Perform ? PutValue(*lref, rval*).
- 8. Return rval.

Evaluation **algorithm** for *logical OR assignments* in **ES12 (ES2021)**



Core Idea - Meta-level Static Analysis

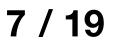
- Why Interpreter-based Approach?
 - JavaScript specifications are written in an interpreterbased style
 - **JISET**: JavaScript IR-based **Semantics Extraction** (ASE 2020)
 - Extracting JavaScript definitional interpreters as **IR_{ES} programs** from JS Lang. Spec. (ECMA-262).

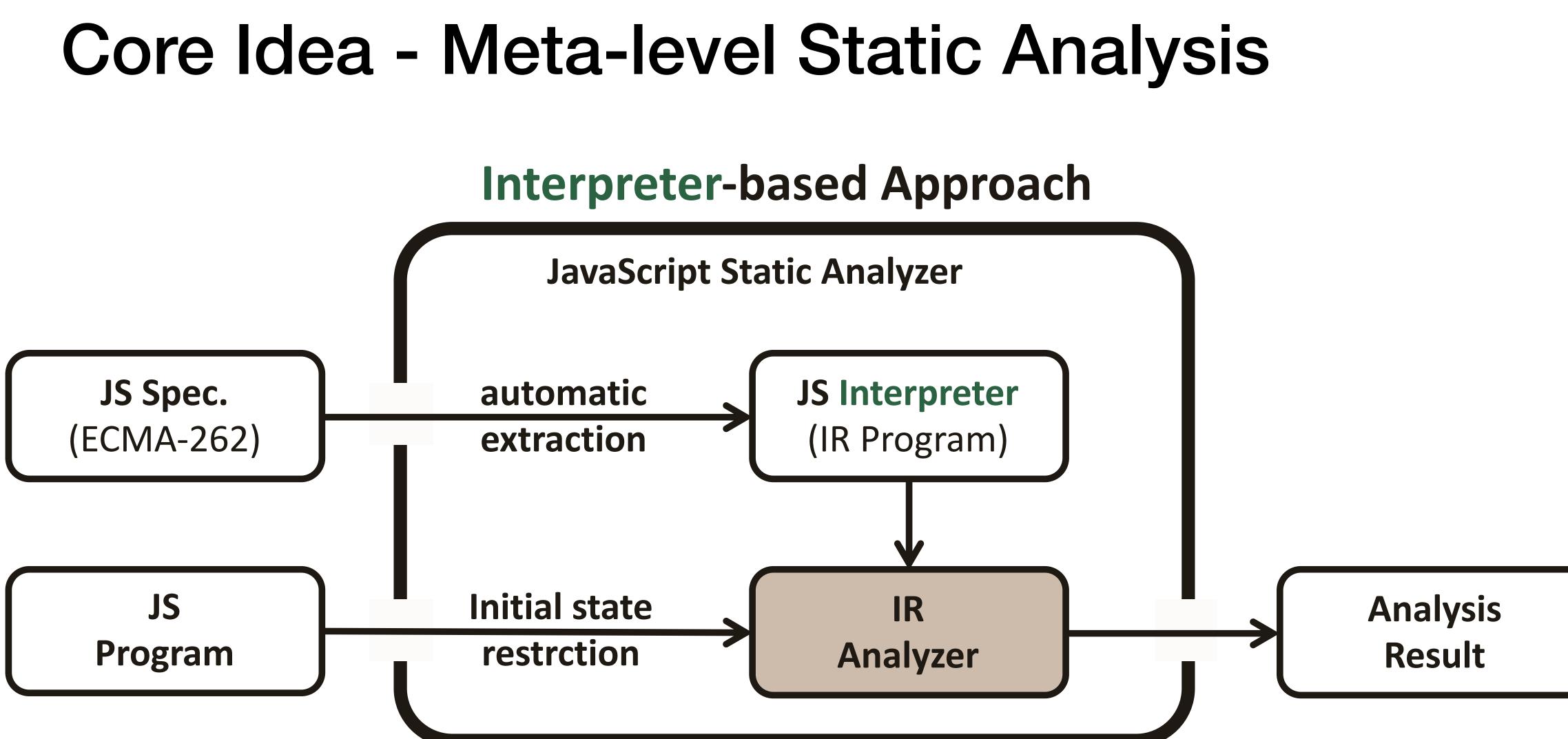


```
1 syntax def AssignmentExpression[8]. Evaluation(
    this, LeftHandSideExpression, AssignmentExpression
 ) { /* entry */
    let lref = (LeftHandSideExpression.Evaluation)
    let lval = [? (GetValue lref)]
    let lbool = [! (ToBoolean lval)] /* #1 */
    if (= lbool true) { /* #2 */ return lval } else {} /* #3 */
    if (&& (IsAnonymousFunctionDefinition AssignmentExpression)
       (LeftHandSideExpression.IsIdentifierRef)) { /* #4 */
      let rval = (AssignmentExpression.NamedEvaluation
                  lref.ReferencedName)
    } else { /* #5 */
      let rref = (AssignmentExpression.Evaluation)
      let rval = [? (GetValue rref)]
    } /* #6 */
    [? (PutValue lref rval)]
    return rval
  } /* exit */
```

Extracted **IR_{ES} function** for *logical OR assignments* via **JISET**

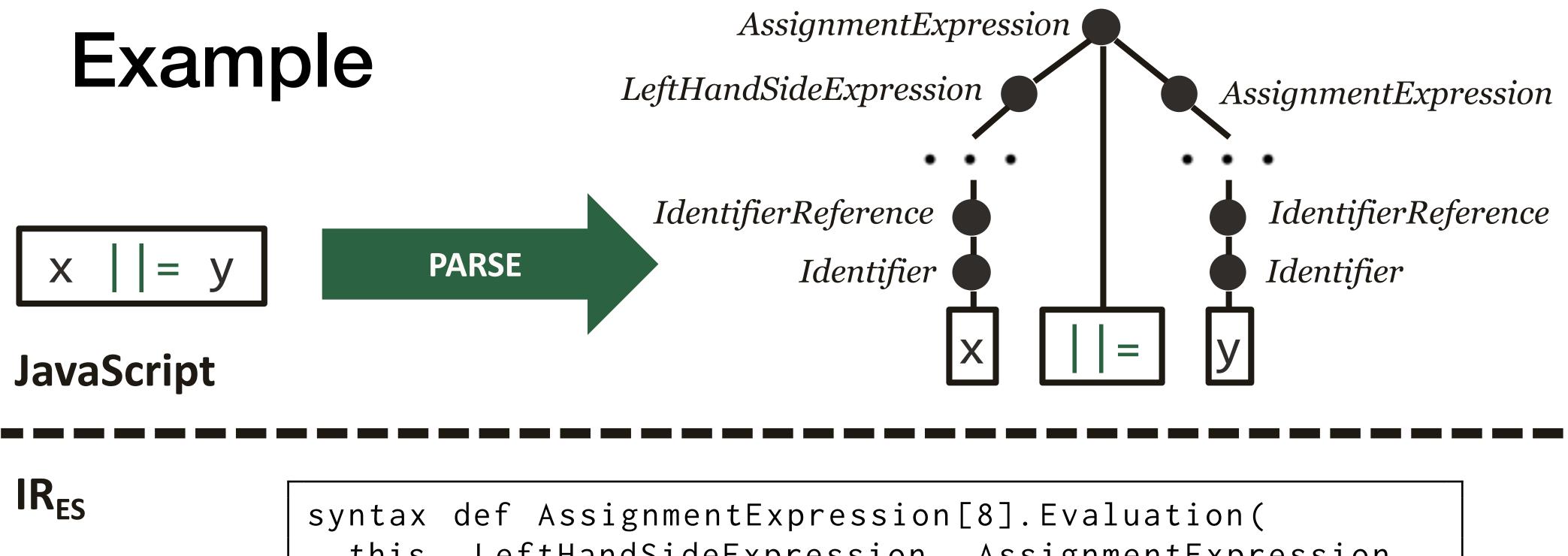




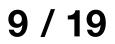


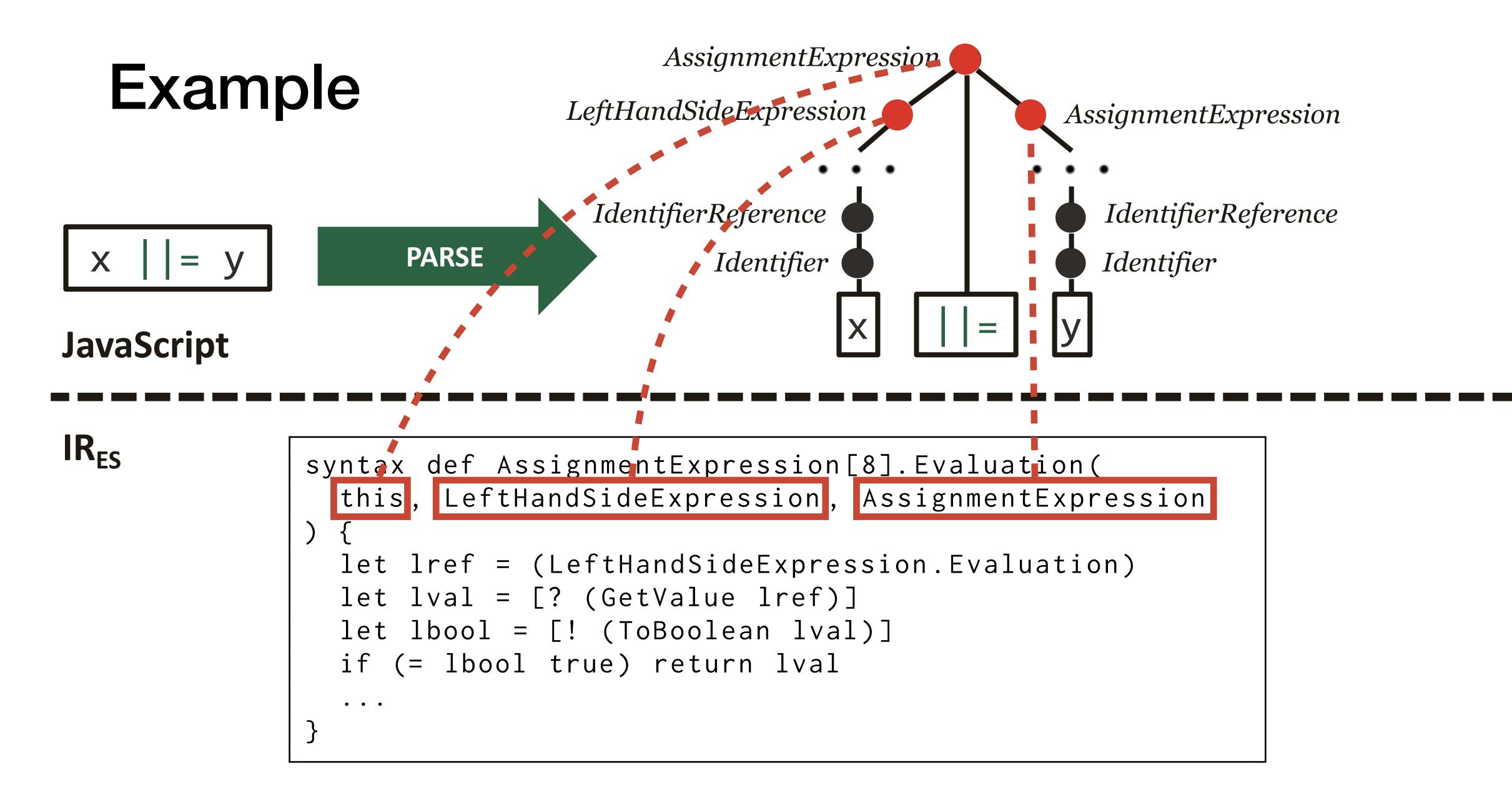


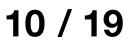


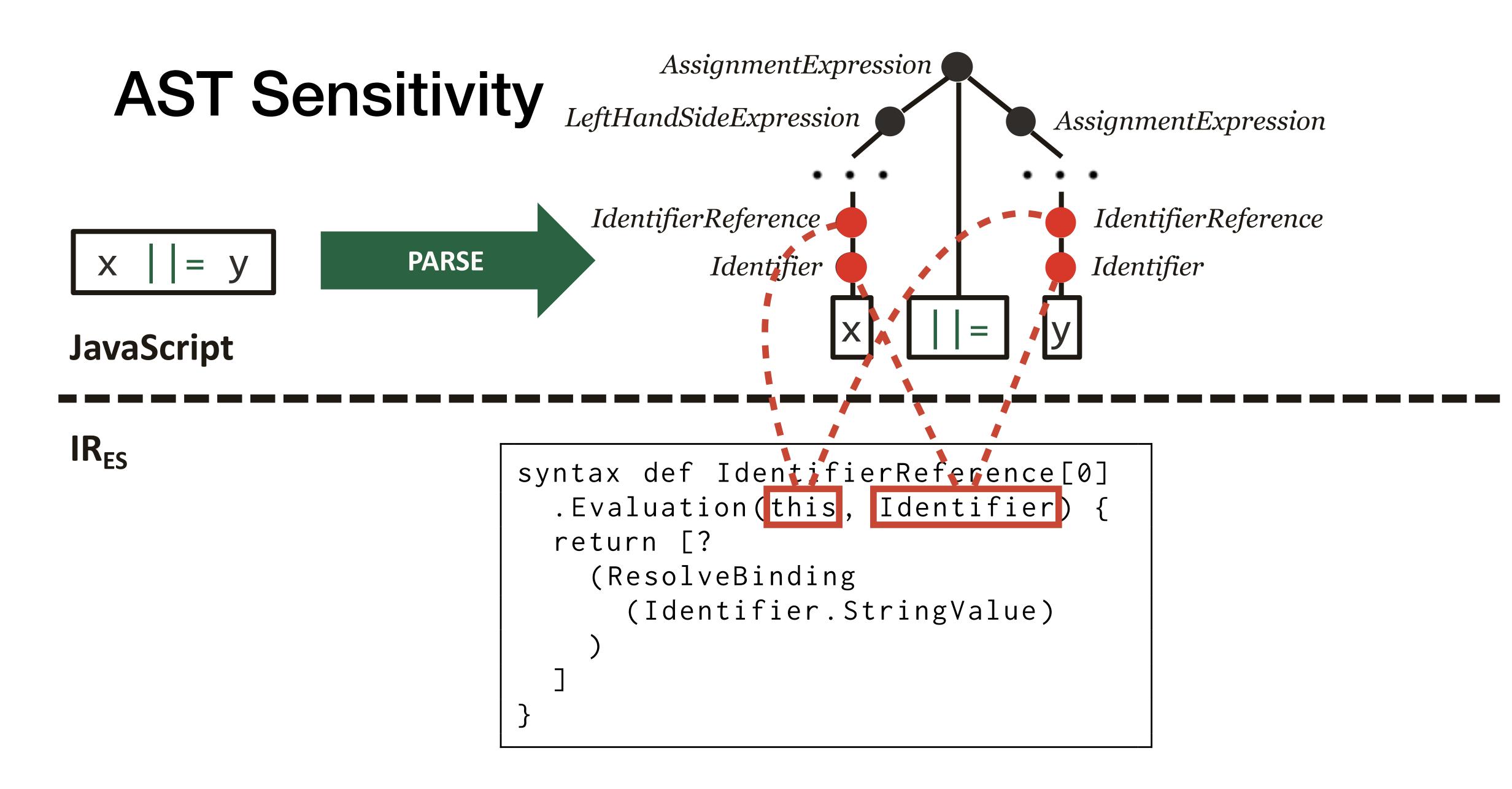


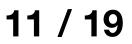
```
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ean lval)]
rn lval
```

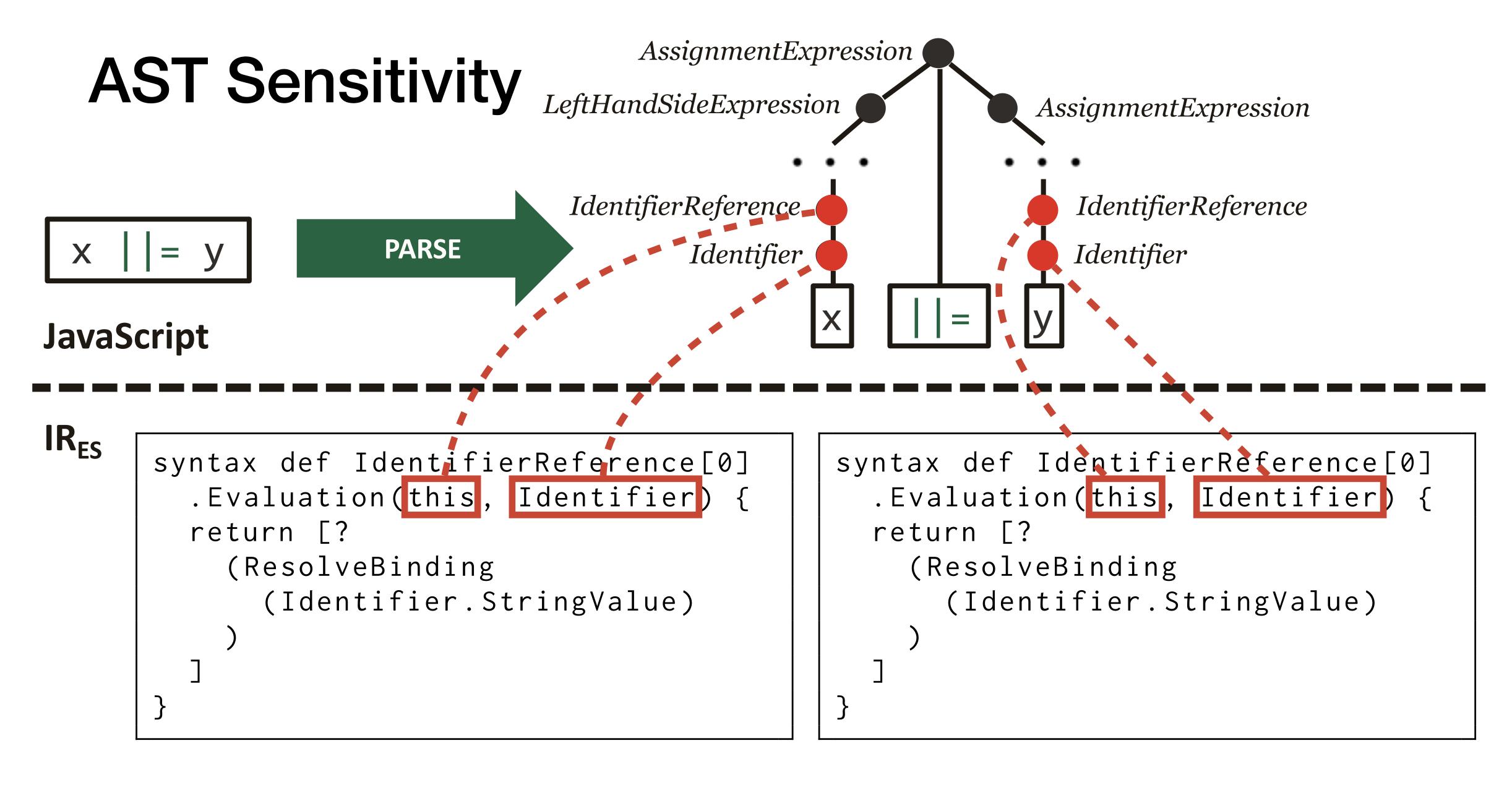


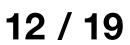












AST Sensitivity

JavaScript	
Flow- Sensitivity	$\delta^{\text{js-flow}}(t_{\perp}) = \{c$
k-Callsite- Sensitivity	$\delta^{js-k-cfa}([t_1,\cdots, n \le k \land \forall 1 \le i \le$

AST Sensitivity in IR_{ES}

$$\sigma = (_,_,\overline{c},_) \in \mathbb{S} \mid \operatorname{ast}(\overline{c}) = t_{\perp} \}$$

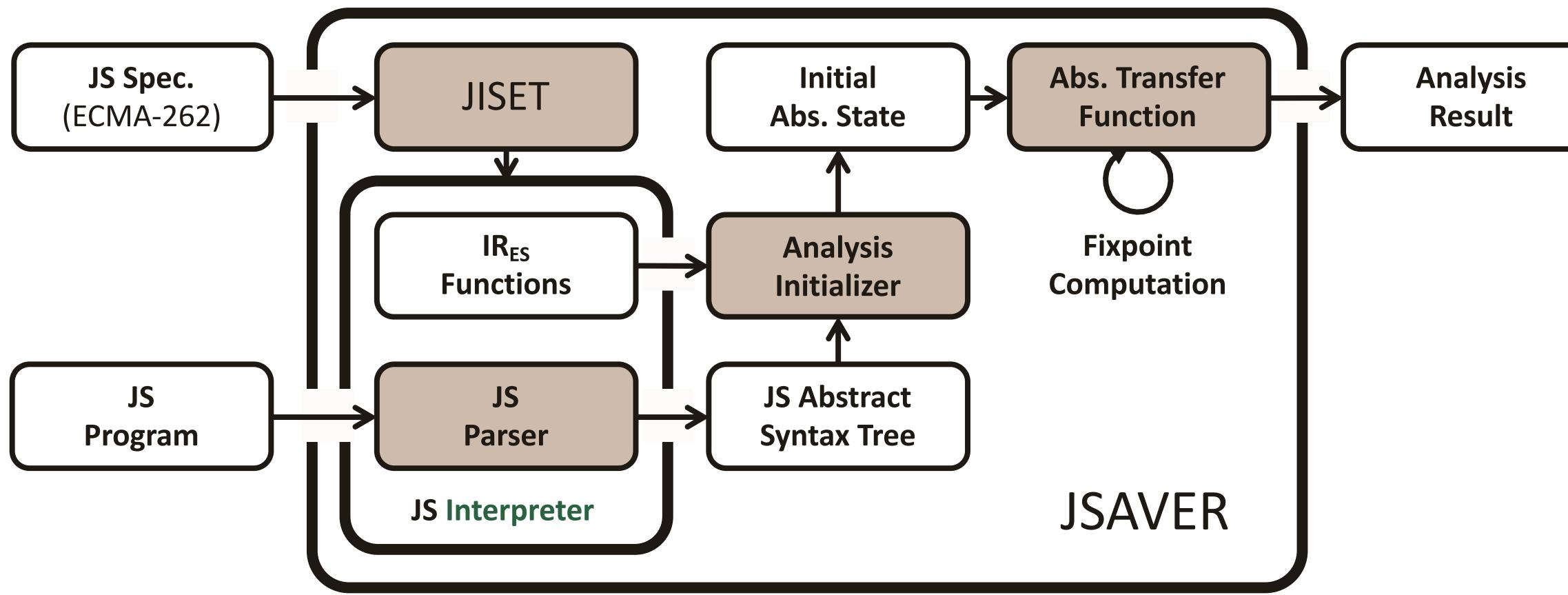
$$t_n]) = \{\sigma = (_, _, \overline{c}, _) \in \mathbb{S} \mid \\ \land (n = k \lor js \text{-} ctxt^{n+1}(\overline{c}) = \bot) \land \\ \leq n. \text{ ast } \circ js \text{-} ctxt^i(\overline{c}) = t_i\}$$



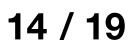


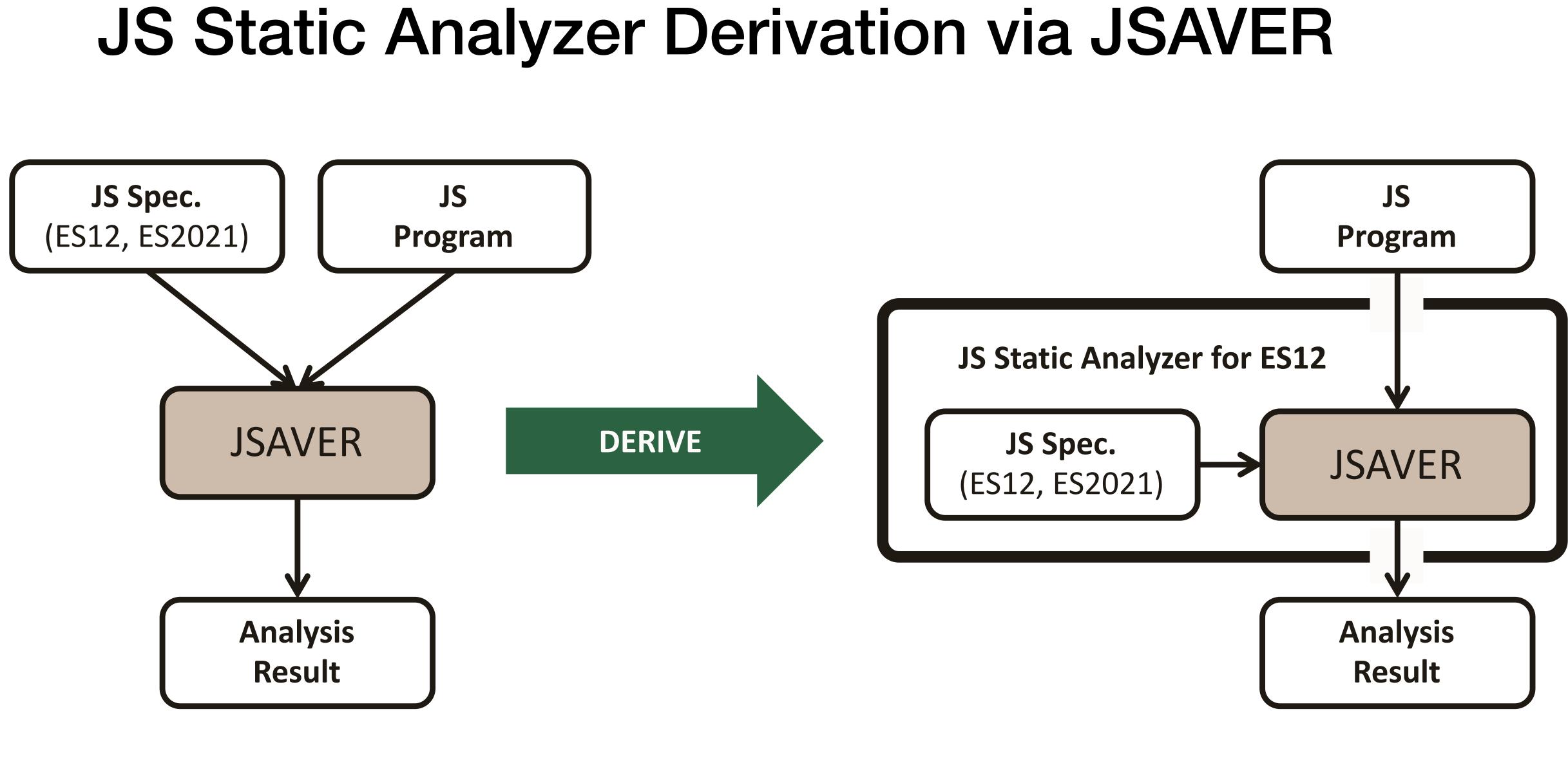
Our Tool - JSAVER

JavaScript Static Analyzer via ECMAScript Representation







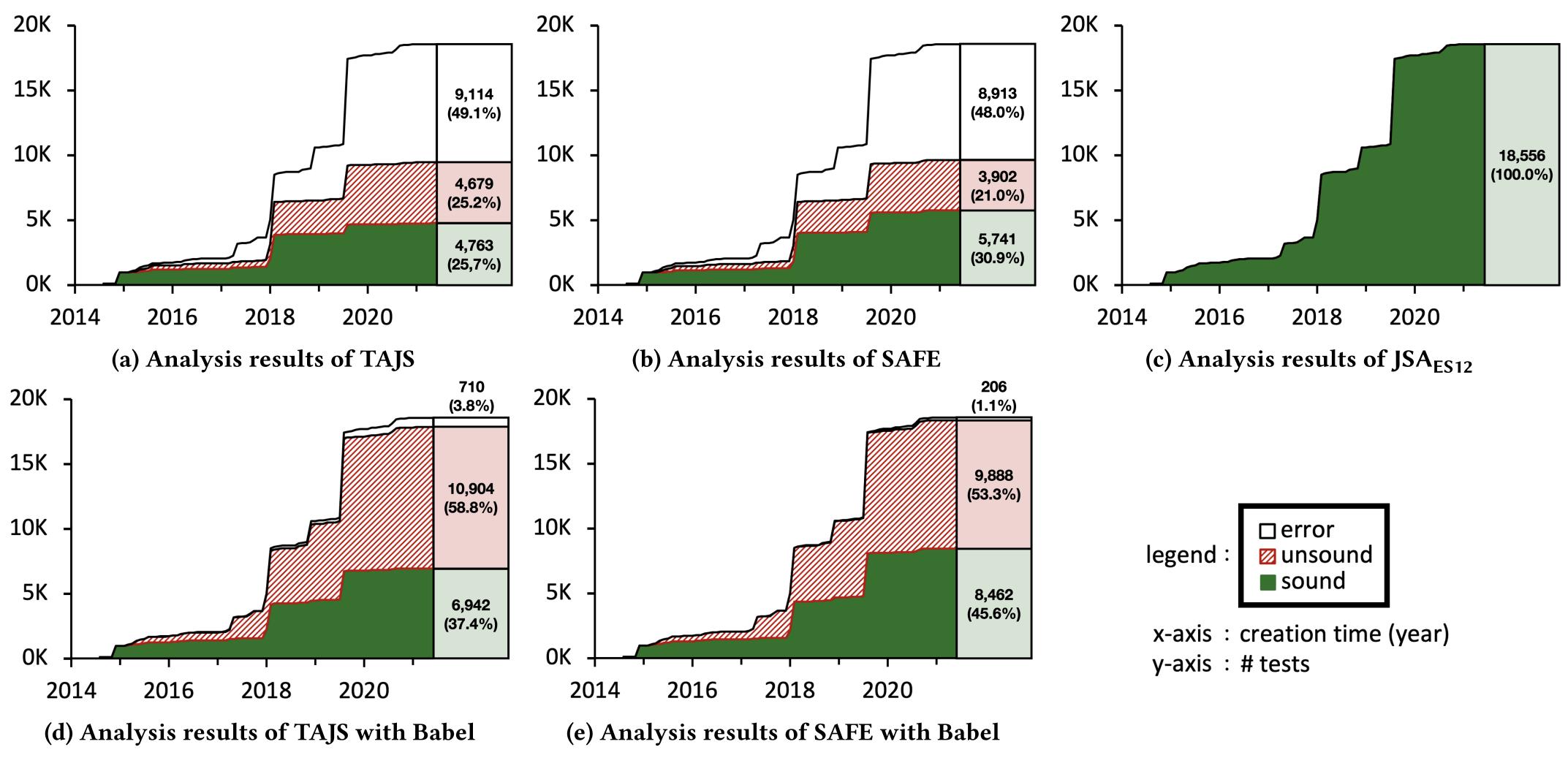


Evaluation Setting

- Derived Analyzer JSA_{ES12}
 - JavaScript Static Analyzer derived from ES12 (ES2021) via JSAVER
- Comparison Targets
 - State-of-the-art JavaScript Static Analyzers + JavaScript Transpiler TAJS / SAFE + Babel
- Analysis Targets
 - Test262 (Official Conformance Test Suite) maintained by TC39 • Used 18,556 applicable conformance tests
- Experiment Environment
 - An Ubuntu machine
 - 4.2GHz Ouad-Core Intel Core i7 and 32GB of RAM.

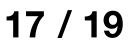


RQ1) Soundness



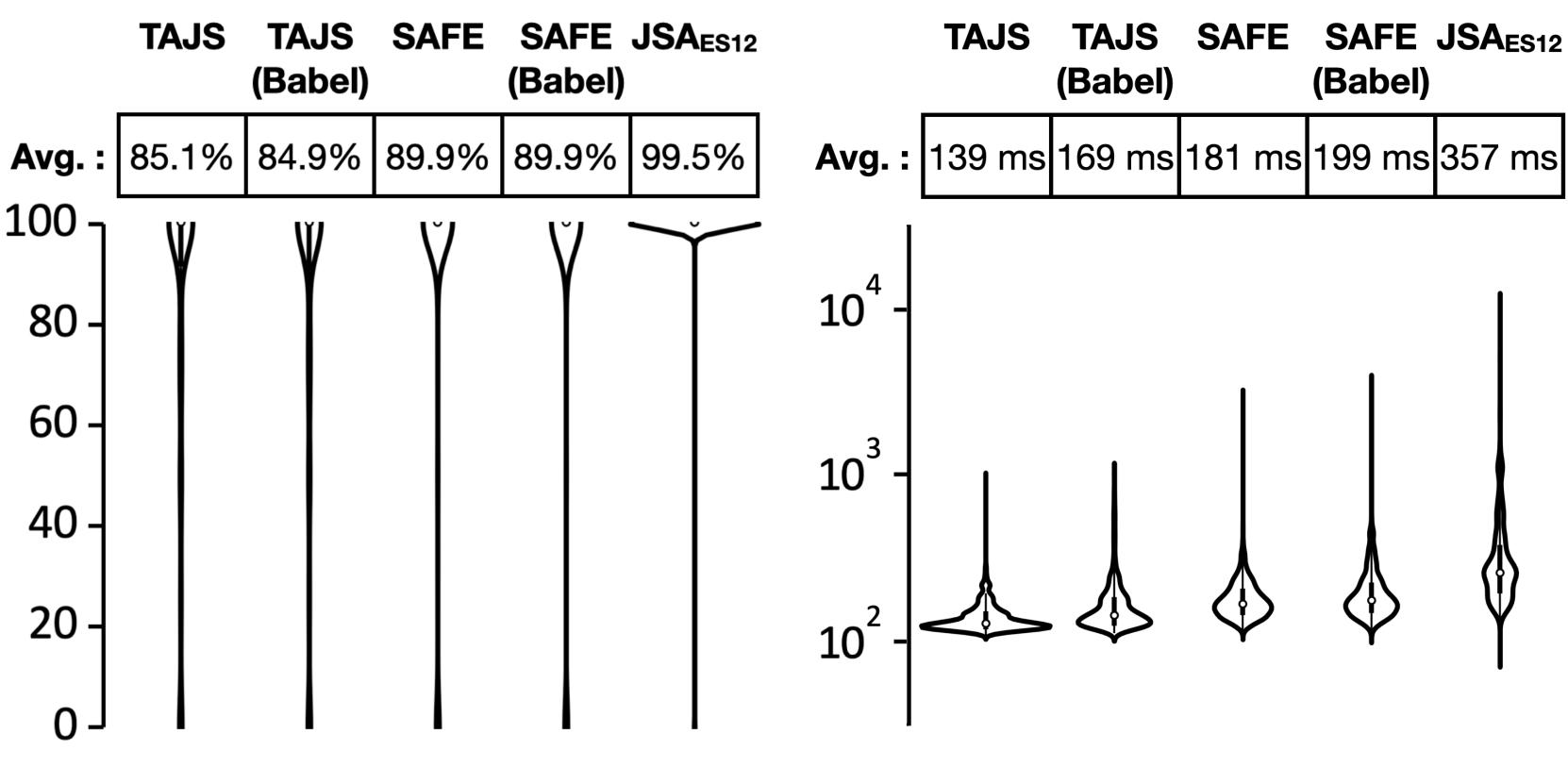
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 Can JSA_{ES12} analyze JavaScript programs using new language features in a sound way?



RQ2) Precision & Performance

- Can JSA_{ES12} precisely analyze JavaScript programs compared to the existing static analyzers?
 - **Targets**: 3,878 programs soundly analyzable by all of five analyzers

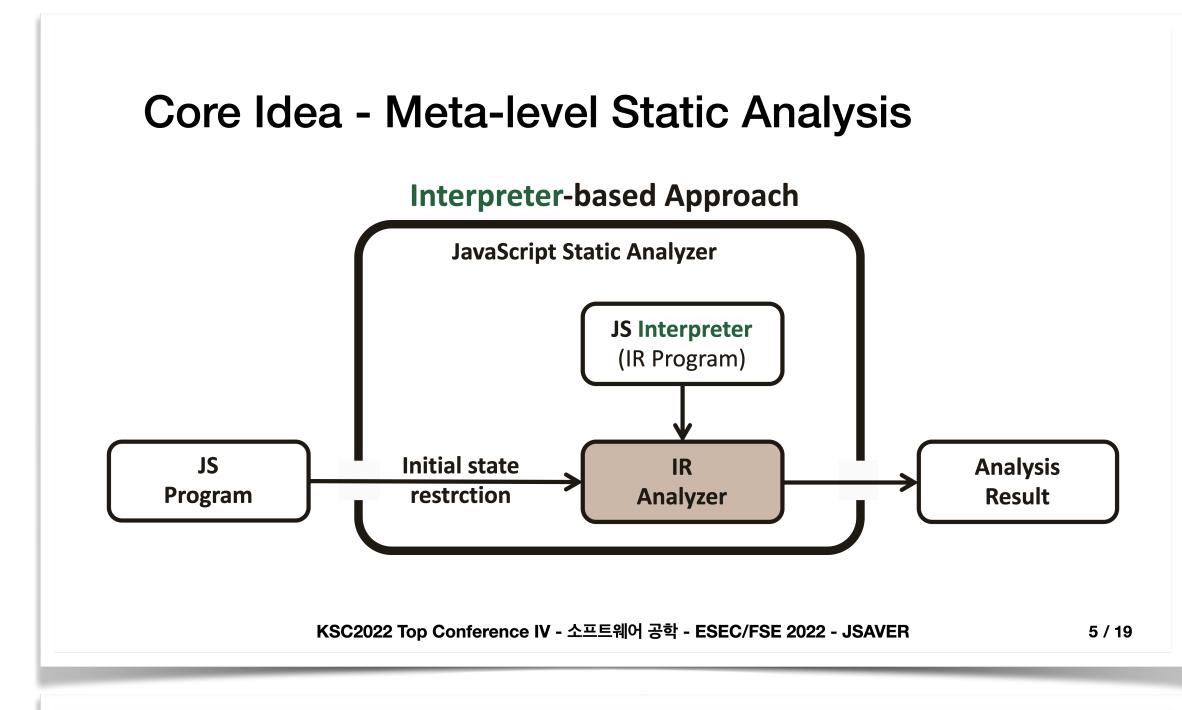


⁽a) The analysis precision

(b) The analysis performance

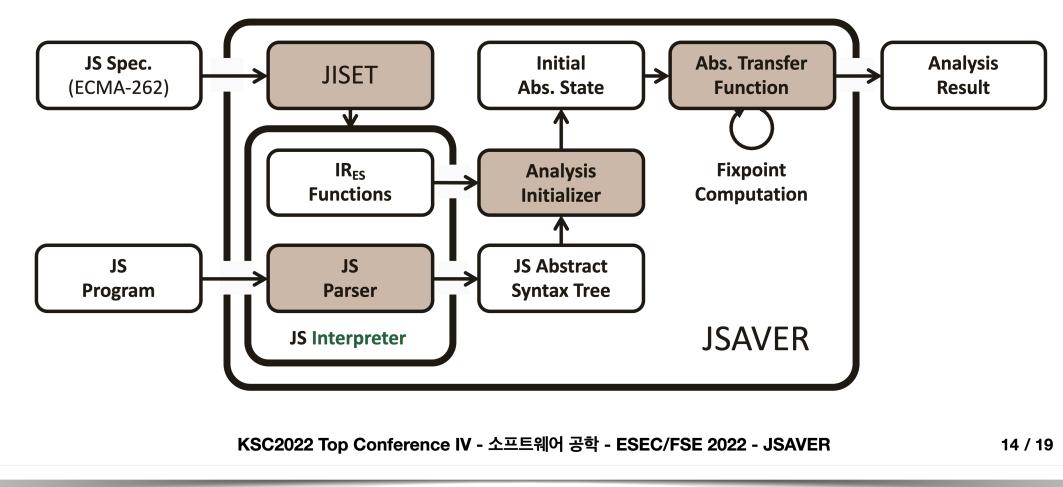






Our Tool - JSAVER

• JavaScript Static Analyzer via ECMAScript Representation



AST Sensitivity

JavaScript	AST Sensitivity in IR _{ES}			
Flow- Sensitivity	$\delta^{\text{js-flow}}(t_{\perp}) = \{ \sigma = (_, _, \overline{c}, _) \in \mathbb{S} \mid \text{ast}(\overline{c}) = t_{\perp} \}$			
k-Callsite- Sensitivity	$\delta^{js-k-cfa}([t_1, \cdots, t_n]) = \{\sigma = (_, _, \overline{c}, _) \in \mathbb{S} \mid n \le k \land (n = k \lor js-ctxt^{n+1}(\overline{c}) = \bot) \land \forall 1 \le i \le n. \text{ ast } \circ js-ctxt^i(\overline{c}) = t_i\}$			

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